SUPREME COURT OF THE UNITED STATES

IN THE SUPREME COURT OF THE	UNITED STATES
	_
GIANINNA GALLARDO, AN)
INCAPACITATED PERSON, BY AND)
THROUGH HER PARENTS AND)
CO-GUARDIANS, PILAR VASSALLO AND)
WALTER GALLARDO,)
Petitioner,)
v.) No. 20-1263
SIMONE MARSTILLER, IN HER OFFICIAL)
CAPACITY AS SECRETARY OF THE)
FLORIDA AGENCY FOR HEALTH CARE)
ADMINISTRATION,)
Respondent.)
	_
Pages: 1 through 105	
Place: Washington, D.C.	
Date: January 10, 2022	

HERITAGE REPORTING CORPORATION

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14	Respondent.)
15		_
16	Washington, D.C.	
17	Monday, January 10, 202	2
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19	The above-entitled matter	came on for oral
20	argument before the Supreme Court	of the United
21	States at 10:00 a.m.	
22		
23		
24		
25		

1	APPEARANCES:
2	BRYAN S. GOWDY, ESQUIRE, Jacksonville, Florida; on
3	behalf of the Petitioner.
4	VIVEK SURI, Assistant to the Solicitor General,
5	Department of Justice, Washington, D.C.;
6	for the United States, as amicus curiae,
7	supporting the Petitioner.
8	HENRY C. WHITAKER, Solicitor General, Tallahassee,
9	Florida; on behalf of the Respondent.
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1	PROCEEDINGS
2	(10:00 a.m.)
3	CHIEF JUSTICE ROBERTS: Justice
4	Sotomayor is participating remotely this
5	morning.
6	We'll hear argument this morning in
7	Case 20-1263, Gallardo versus Marstiller.
8	Mr. Gowdy.
9	ORAL ARGUMENT OF BRYAN S. GOWDY
10	ON BEHALF OF THE PETITIONER
11	MR. GOWDY: Mr. Chief Justice, and may
12	it please the Court:
13	Medicaid provides a benefit to persons
14	needing medical care. It is not a loan to be
15	repaid later. The anti-lien and anti-recovery
16	provisions, part of the original 1965 Medicaid
17	law, reflect this policy by prohibiting states
18	from taking any property belonging to a
19	beneficiary, including her third-party
20	liabilities.
21	But, in 1968, Congress, in
22	subparagraphs (A) and (B), estab
23	established a limited pool of third-party
24	liabilities from which a state could seek
25	reimbursement for Medicaid expenses. States

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1 were directed, and I quote, "to ascertain the
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- 2 legal liability of third parties to pay for
- 3 care and services available under the plan" and
- 4 "to seek reimbursement to the extent of such
- 5 legal liability."
- A liability for future medical
- 7 expenses does not pay for care available under
- 8 the Medicaid plan and, thus, is not part of the
- 9 pool of reimbursement funds.
- 10 The procedural tools enacted by
- 11 Congress after 1968 did not change the pool of
- 12 reimbursement funds. To the contrary,
- 13 subparagraph (H) confirms that a state acquires
- only a beneficiary's rights to third-party
- payments, and I quote, "for health care items
- or services furnished to the beneficiary.
- 17 Finally, Florida's isolated reading of
- 18 the assignment clause cannot be right because
- 19 it forces beneficiaries to make lifetime
- 20 assignments, leading to absurd results that
- 21 convert Medicaid from a benefit to a loan.
- JUSTICE THOMAS: Counsel, the -- the
- 23 limitations that you would apply in this case
- to the assignment, would you also apply it to
- 25 child support?

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1
               MR. GOWDY: They apply the -- they
 2
      apply the same, Your Honor. However, child
 3
      support works differently than a tort recovery.
     Child support normally requires ongoing
 4
     payments to cover all of the child's medical
 5
      care. A tort payment is a one-time payment for
 6
 7
      limited medical care that was caused by the
      tort. So there -- it's -- so that's a --
 8
 9
               JUSTICE THOMAS: Oh, I understand
10
      that, but your -- you said that these
     provisions limit -- the -- the provision you're
11
12
      talking about, the assignment provision, is
13
     very broad.
14
               MR. GOWDY: Yes, Your Honor.
15
               JUSTICE THOMAS: It doesn't have these
16
     built-in limitations. And I will take -- I
17
     will also agree that perhaps child support is
18
      very broad in a different way. But you said
19
      that the -- and they appear generally in the
20
      same part of the statute.
21
               But you say that the provisions that
2.2
     you mentioned restrict the assignment, the
23
     broad assignment language. Why doesn't that
24
      also apply to the child support language?
25
              MR. GOWDY: Well, Your -- Your Honor,
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1 the -- the analysis would still be the same
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- whether it's child support or tort recovery.
- 3 The analysis would be -- the medical care --
- 4 and I said yes when you said it's very broad,
- 5 but the medical care mentioned in the
- 6 assignment clause, in -- in our view, when read
- 7 in the whole text, is shorthand for medical
- 8 care covered by Medicaid, furnished by
- 9 Medicaid, paid for by Medicaid, and, therefore,
- 10 the analysis will be whether the third-party
- liability covers the same care, service, or
- 12 item covered by Medicaid.
- 13 And my point about distinguishing
- 14 between tort recoveries and childcare is tort
- 15 recovery does -- often pays for items, care,
- 16 and service not covered by Medicaid. For
- example, if you're a disabled person, you will
- 18 need a special vehicle with medical equipment
- 19 to be transported to your appointments.
- 20 Medicaid does not cover for that, but a
- 21 tortfeasor may have to pay for that.
- 22 Childcare, I think, is different in
- 23 the other regard in that childcare requires the
- 24 parent to pay for all medic -- medical care,
- whether it's covered by Medicaid or not, and,

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1 therefore, I think it'll operate differently in
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- 2 that context than in the tort recovery context.
- JUSTICE THOMAS: Thank you.
- 4 MR. GOWDY: I'd like to turn back to
- 5 the -- the third-party liability provision if
- 6 the Court doesn't have any questions. The
- 7 Solicitor General has correctly stated this is
- 8 the anchor or main provision that sets a
- 9 state's general duty to reinvert --
- 10 reimbursement. And to quote a little bit more
- 11 than I did in my opening, in sub --
- 12 subparagraph (B), it says "where such a legal
- 13 liability is found to exist after medical
- 14 assistance has been made available, the State
- 15 will seek reimbursement for such assistance to
- the extent of such legal liability."
- 17 This language in the 1968 provision
- 18 that establishes the pool of reimbursement
- 19 funds clearly indicates that it is for
- 20 third-party payments for medical assistance
- 21 already provided by Medicaid, already incurred.
- 22 And the -- the last phrase in subparagraph (B)
- 23 refers to "such legal liability," which must be
- 24 -- is cross-referencing the phrase in (A), "pay
- 25 for care and services available under the

- 1 Medicaid plan."
- 2 And as my hypothetical with Justice
- 3 Thomas mentioned, many of the items, services,
- 4 and care that a tortfeasor must pay for,
- 5 whether we're talking about past or future
- 6 medical expenses, are not covered by Medicaid.
- 7 So -- so, read sensibly, the
- 8 third-party liability in (A) and (B) must be
- 9 for the care, services, or items that have been
- 10 made available by Medicaid to the beneficiary
- and can't be for future medical care, items, or
- services that may never be made available by
- 13 Medicaid to the beneficiary.
- 14 JUSTICE KAGAN: Mr. Gowdy, I guess I'm
- not quite sure why you read this language, to
- 16 pay for care and services available under the
- 17 plan, why you necessarily read that as
- 18 precluding payments for future expenses.
- I mean, couldn't we just read that as
- 20 saying something like, you know, there's --
- 21 there are kinds of medical care that are
- 22 available under the plan, and, regardless,
- whether they're past or future, those are the
- kinds of things that are covered, and then
- 25 there are kinds of medical services that are

- 1 not available under Medicaid, and so that would
- 2 not be covered.
- 3 But why is it a future/past
- 4 distinction to have language like "available
- 5 under the plan"? I -- I would think it's just
- 6 a kind of service distinction.
- 7 MR. GOWDY: Right. And I understand
- 8 Your -- Your Honor's reading of that, but we --
- 9 we don't believe that's the most sensible
- 10 reading in the entire text of all these
- 11 provisions.
- 12 First, I would note that a dictionary
- definition of "available" is "present or ready
- 14 for immediate use." And given the context
- here, especially how "available" is used in the
- 16 -- in the immediately subsequent subparagraph,
- 17 "have been made available," we believe that it
- 18 -- it makes most sense to be talking about
- 19 services that have been incurred or provided.
- That also lines up with subparagraph
- 21 (H). And then --
- JUSTICE KAGAN: Right. I mean, you
- 23 definitely have -- I mean, sort of the way I
- 24 read these three provisions, like, (H) is for
- you, and (K) is for Florida, and then there's a

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1 little bit of a -- and then I think, you know,
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- 2 (A) is -- is -- is harder, but I guess I'm
- 3 wondering why I shouldn't basically read it --
- 4 I'm not sure if it's really quite Florida's
- 5 way, the -- the -- the alternative that I'm
- 6 proposing. I'd like to ask General Whitaker
- 7 about that.
- 8 But -- but why is -- I would not think
- 9 that this language makes a distinction between
- 10 current -- between past and future payments, as
- 11 opposed to payments for things that Medicaid
- 12 covers and payments for things that Medicaid
- 13 doesn't cover.
- 14 There are some things that we know
- 15 that Medicaid is not going to cover, and -- and
- those are kind of read out of this provision.
- 17 MR. GOWDY: Right. Well, first, we
- 18 would agree with the government's position.
- 19 The focal point should be on what Medicaid pays
- 20 for or covers. And so you can have this same
- issue come up as it did in the Doe case out of
- 22 Vermont for past medical expenses.
- Our context in this particular case
- and many cases is future medical expenses,
- which, in our view, are never available under

- 1 Medicaid, and I would give two reasons for
- 2 that, Your Honor.
- First, you -- you have to know the
- 4 financial circumstances of the individual. And
- 5 many persons who receive a tort recovery become
- 6 immediately ineligible for Medicaid. So, until
- 7 we know the moment in time that the medical
- 8 care is administered and you look at that
- 9 person's financial situation, you don't know if
- 10 Medicaid is available.
- Two, you have to know the person's
- 12 medical condition. Even if someone receives a
- 13 future medical expense award, because of the
- 14 confines of a -- of a tort lawsuit, a jury has
- 15 to make a -- a prediction about the -- the
- 16 medical care that a person will need in the
- 17 future.
- But, as we know, sometimes people have
- 19 more rapid recoveries. Sometimes things get
- 20 worse. And then at that point in time when the
- 21 medical care is needed is when the availability
- determination has to be made.
- JUSTICE ALITO: What if -- what
- 24 happens if the person who receives a tort
- 25 recovery continues to be eligible for Medicaid

- 1 and continues to have medical bills paid by
- 2 Medicaid? That does happen in some instances,
- 3 doesn't it? Then would -- am I right on that?
- 4 And, if I am, would -- would you say that
- 5 Medicaid cannot recover for those expenses from
- 6 the portion of the tort recovery that was
- 7 allocated to future expenses?
- 8 MR. GOWDY: So, yes, you're right.
- 9 People do remain on Medicaid after -- after the
- 10 tort recovery. And especially it happens, as
- it does in this case, with disabled children --
- 12 JUSTICE ALITO: Right.
- MR. GOWDY: -- because they have
- 14 what's called a special needs trust, which is
- 15 discussed in the AAJ amicus brief.
- To answer your question, the second
- 17 question, no, the state may not recover from
- 18 the future medical expense award, and I would
- 19 -- really two reasons for that.
- The moment of the tort recovery, that
- 21 becomes the property of Ms. Gallardo and is --
- is protected by the anti-lien provision. And
- 23 unless the state can point to an exception in
- one of these third-party provisions, it is
- 25 protected.

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And, secondarily, though, I would say
the state is -- and -- and what we say, really,
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- 3 the assignment provision, 1396k, it -- it does
- 4 two primary things, Your Honor.
- 5 One, it granted the state the right to
- 6 control the beneficiary's cause of action for
- 7 medical damages paid by Medicaid and to -- and
- 8 to demand the beneficiary's cooperation in that
- 9 action.
- 10 Florida would have the right, if it
- 11 was concerned about life-long care for someone
- 12 like Ms. Gallardo, they could sue the
- tortfeasor themselves and try to set something
- 14 up similar to a workers' compensation system
- where you have ongoing payments.
- 16 JUSTICE ALITO: But why does that --
- 17 why does that regime make sense?
- MR. GOWDY: Well, if an award --
- JUSTICE ALITO: Why should --
- MR. GOWDY: I'm sorry.
- 21 JUSTICE ALITO: -- why should Medicaid
- 22 not be able to recover for expenses that were
- 23 covered by the tort recovery, the portion of
- 24 the tort recovery for future medical expenses?
- Why does that make sense?

- 1 MR. GOWDY: Well, it makes sense, Your
- 2 Honor, because the -- the -- because the few --
- 3 because, at the moment of the tort recovery, we
- 4 have to determine, is this person -- what is
- 5 this property here?
- 6 And -- and just like today you may be
- 7 on a certain health insurance policy, if you
- 8 lose your job tomorrow, you're not, and,
- 9 therefore, you will have to pay those expenses
- 10 out of pocket.
- 11 So it'll be -- there are many cases
- where the person receives the tort recovery and
- they're ineligible for Medicaid, but whether
- 14 they're ineligible or not, the -- the analysis
- has to be at the point in time of the recovery.
- And as far as what I suggested about a
- 17 workers' comp scheme, you know, if Florida were
- 18 to -- or the states were to set that up, those
- 19 often work where there's a determination that
- there's an injury that was in the course and
- 21 scope of the employment, and then there could
- 22 be future determinations where the workers'
- 23 comp carrier has to make payments for future
- 24 care.
- Unfortunately, the tort system is not

- 1 set up like that, and liability policies aren't
- 2 set up like that. There's a one-time payment.
- 3 And, therefore, we have to look at -- just like
- 4 with the -- the damages we discussed in -- that
- 5 were discussed in Ahlborn with respect to lost
- 6 wages, pain and suffering, we have to determine
- 7 who has the ownership of those damages at the
- 8 time of the tort recovery.
- 9 JUSTICE SOTOMAYOR: Counsel, this is
- 10 Justice Sotomayor.
- MR. GOWDY: Yes, Your Honor.
- 12 JUSTICE SOTOMAYOR: I want to break
- down what you're saying. You've been using,
- and so have we, the Justices, past and future
- 15 medical expenses.
- 16 But the government makes it very clear
- 17 that this is not about past or future medical
- 18 expenses. This is about the statute, the
- 19 amount that the Medicaid has paid, correct?
- MR. GOWDY: Correct.
- 21 JUSTICE SOTOMAYOR: And to the extent
- 22 that at the moment of a tort recovery the
- 23 government hasn't paid anything, it's not
- 24 entitled to recovery under the anti-lien
- 25 statute, correct?

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1 MR. GOWDY: Correct.
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- JUSTICE SOTOMAYOR: And that's what
- 3 Ahlborn said, which is you're only entitled to
- 4 what -- the state is only entitled to what it's
- 5 paid, and at the moment of recovery, that's all
- 6 that it has a legal claim to, correct?
- 7 MR. GOWDY: Correct.
- 8 JUSTICE SOTOMAYOR: All right. So
- 9 your -- as I understand your position as you've
- 10 been discussing is, at the moment the lien is
- 11 placed on a tort recovery, even at the time of
- 12 an assignment, it -- you can only be assigned
- 13 what you have a right to.
- 14 And they are claiming they have a
- 15 right to all medical services. But the
- 16 problem, any services, is they haven't given
- any services at that point, correct?
- 18 MR. GOWDY: Correct.
- 19 JUSTICE SOTOMAYOR: So they can't have
- 20 a lien for services at that moment they haven't
- 21 rendered?
- MR. GOWDY: Correct.
- JUSTICE SOTOMAYOR: All right. Now,
- 24 with respect to Justice Alito's question, if
- 25 I'm understanding it correctly, he's saying why

- 1 shouldn't we let Medicaid take. And your
- 2 answer, I think, is we don't know what it's
- 3 going to pay.
- 4 If the recovery is large enough, the
- 5 person can become ineligible for Medicaid,
- 6 correct?
- 7 MR. GOWDY: Correct.
- 8 JUSTICE SOTOMAYOR: Congress has given
- 9 a trust for -- the right to take money that is
- 10 given and place it in a trust for the medical
- 11 care of the children, correct?
- 12 MR. GOWDY: If they are disabled like
- 13 Ms. Gallardo, yes, correct.
- JUSTICE SOTOMAYOR: Exactly. And so
- 15 that's what happened here.
- 16 MR. GOWDY: Correct.
- 17 JUSTICE SOTOMAYOR: So it's not like
- that money is a windfall to her. It's being
- 19 used to pay medical expenses?
- 20 MR. GOWDY: Yes, or like things for a
- 21 van to get her to her appointment.
- JUSTICE SOTOMAYOR: Right. But the
- point is it's not a windfall?
- MR. GOWDY: No. And -- and I would
- 25 add that when Ms. Gallardo dies, all the money

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1 in the special needs trust goes back to
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- 2 Medicaid.
- JUSTICE SOTOMAYOR: Exactly. And so
- 4 it's not like med -- that the state is being
- 5 denied anything?
- 6 MR. GOWDY: Correct.
- JUSTICE SOTOMAYOR: Now, with respect
- 8 to the future support payments that Justice
- 9 Thomas pointed to in this statute, as I read
- 10 that, that's not an assignment of any kind.
- 11 It's just an obligation for paternity to be
- 12 established and the parent to -- to be
- obligated to pay for medical care. It's not
- 14 going to the state.
- MR. GOWDY: Correct. That -- that's
- 16 right.
- 17 JUSTICE SOTOMAYOR: All right. Thank
- 18 you, counsel.
- 19 CHIEF JUSTICE ROBERTS: Thank you,
- 20 counsel.
- Justice Thomas, anything further?
- JUSTICE THOMAS: Nothing.
- 23 CHIEF JUSTICE ROBERTS: Justice
- 24 Breyer?
- JUSTICE BREYER: Well, I thought I

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1 understood it, but I'm a little less certain
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- 2 now. Look, suppose that Medicare -- there's an
- 3 accident, okay, and Smith caused it, and, as a
- 4 result, Jones was in the hospital. His car was
- 5 destroyed. He had some -- television set which
- 6 was destroyed. He may have past -- he will
- 7 have past bills for -- and probably in the
- 8 future too for -- for his illness and health.
- 9 Now my understanding was that the
- 10 Medicaid, since he's on Medicaid, as of July 1,
- when we're all taking place, has paid already
- 12 \$25,000. And the question was, I thought, but
- 13 you better correct me if I'm wrong -- the
- question was they'd like to get this 25,000
- 15 back. And it's Smith, the causer, who has
- settled with the victim, where they think they
- 17 can get some of the money. And they get some
- of the money because \$10,000 was set aside in
- 19 this settlement for past expenses. Right?
- MR. GOWDY: Right.
- 21 JUSTICE BREYER: And there is another
- 15,000 in past expenses that Medicare has paid,
- and now they'd like to get that back too.
- MR. GOWDY: Correct. That's what --
- JUSTICE BREYER: And they can't get it

1 back from that part of the settlement that's to

- 2 pay for the television set?
- 3 MR. GOWDY: Correct.
- 4 JUSTICE BREYER: They can't get it
- 5 back from that part that is to pay for the
- 6 automobile repairs?
- 7 MR. GOWDY: Correct.
- 8 JUSTICE BREYER: But there is a little
- 9 bit here, which, let's say, says 20,000 or
- 30,000, which is to pay for medical expenses,
- and it doesn't say whether it's past or future.
- 12 So what Florida would like is to get back some
- of its past expenses from that portion of the
- 14 settlement which seems earmarked for future
- 15 expenses.
- MR. GOWDY: Correct. That's what
- 17 Florida wants.
- 18 JUSTICE BREYER: That's what this
- 19 issue is, is it not?
- MR. GOWDY: Yes.
- 21 JUSTICE BREYER: And one problem for
- you is the statute says it can, that statute.
- MR. GOWDY: Well --
- JUSTICE BREYER: But the other four
- statutes seem to say, look, you are supposed to

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1 get back from the settlements that which is
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- 2 earmarked for past. You're not supposed to get
- 3 back money earmarked for paintings or cars or
- 4 television sets but only that part for past.
- 5 And it doesn't say a damn thing about
- 6 your getting money -- in fact, it suggests the
- 7 contrary, those four -- money from that part
- 8 which is future.
- 9 Now I don't know why Congress wrote it
- 10 that way. They might have written it that way
- 11 because they thought a lot of people fall off
- 12 Medicare, and by the time they get future,
- there won't even be Medicare people. Or they
- 14 might have written it because Medicare future
- 15 -- because future payments are -- are
- 16 uncertain. But that's how they wrote it.
- 17 MR. GOWDY: Right.
- 18 JUSTICE BREYER: And so you're saying,
- 19 hey, there's no more reason here -- I mean, now
- 20 I'm back to Justice Kagan's question. That
- 21 language in the last bit seems against you.
- 22 MR. GOWDY: It -- it -- I
- 23 understand that's the weak point for us, but I
- think -- now you kept saying Medicare, and --
- 25 JUSTICE BREYER: I meant Medicaid. I

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1 mean Medicaid.
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- 2 MR. GOWDY: Well, I wanted to point
- 3 Your Honor, though, to 2651 --
- 4 JUSTICE BREYER: Yeah.
- 5 MR. GOWDY: -- which does -- and which
- 6 is in the Medicare statutes, which does
- 7 precisely what Florida really wants. And that
- 8 statute allows Medicare to collect from the
- 9 entirety of the tort recovery.
- 10 JUSTICE BREYER: Mm-hmm.
- 11 MR. GOWDY: And that makes sense
- sometimes, and Congress did that in 2013 with
- 13 Medicaid and then nullified it with -- in 2018,
- 14 because you would -- it makes sense to have the
- third party responsible for the tort to pay for
- 16 all the medical care caused by the tort.
- But, actually, Florida's reading and
- 18 why I said at the beginning it was absurd --
- 19 and I'm -- I'm trying -- I know I have to
- answer your question and I hope I'm doing that
- 21 -- is that it's actually far broader, Florida's
- reading, than what 2651(a) does.
- 23 It allows a -- a lifetime assignment
- 24 and would require third parties who are future
- 25 health insurers or future tortfeasors who did

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1
     not cause Ms. Gallardo's injury to pay for the
      care that Medicaid paid for her injuries or --
 3
              JUSTICE BREYER: Okay. It's
      complicated, but I -- I suppose --
 4
 5
              MR. GOWDY: That -- well, that's not
 6
 7
              JUSTICE BREYER: -- what Congress --
      is Congress saying this to Medicaid agencies?
8
9
              MR. GOWDY: Well --
10
              JUSTICE BREYER: Medicaid agency, you
11
     want to get back the future payments? Here's
12
     what you do: Sue the tortfeasor yourself.
              MR. GOWDY: Exactly. And I would just
13
14
     say that Florida has pointed to these other
15
     provisions, but none of them do this future
16
     lifetime assignment. And so that's why, in --
17
      in our view, that's just not a sensible
     reading, Your Honor.
18
19
              CHIEF JUSTICE ROBERTS: Justice Alito,
20
     anything further?
21
              Justice Sotomayor, anything further?
2.2
              JUSTICE SOTOMAYOR: No.
                                        Thank you.
23
              CHIEF JUSTICE ROBERTS: Justice Kagan?
              Justice Gorsuch?
24
25
              JUSTICE GORSUCH: I'm afraid I do,
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- 1 Chief.
- 2 Medicaid is generally a statute about
- 3 funding from the federal government to states.
- 4 And if, in the normal course, we'd have a case
- 5 about this, you might think of it between the
- 6 federal government and the states, say, the
- 7 state violates the anti-lien provision and the
- 8 federal government stops paying.
- 9 That case would have a very different
- 10 light to me, and it would raise federalism
- 11 questions. Medicaid's a huge percentage of
- 12 state budgets. We'd normally require the
- 13 federal government, before it does something
- 14 that drastic to a -- in -- in our federal
- 15 system to a state, to speak pretty clearly.
- 16 This case has a different light
- 17 because we have an individual suing under 1983
- 18 to protect tort compensation. But I wonder
- 19 whether that premise that an individual can sue
- 20 under 1983 is correct. I just don't know.
- 21 I know Florida has forfeited the issue
- in this case, and you're going to tell me that.
- MR. GOWDY: I won't now.
- JUSTICE GORSUCH: You -- you can.
- 25 People do it all the time. You can tell me

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1 again, all right?
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- 2 And -- but a number of states have
- 3 written to us saying: Gosh, be careful about
- 4 deciding this case on that premise because it
- 5 may not be correct.
- 6 Do you have any thoughts for us about
- 7 that?
- 8 MR. GOWDY: Well, I -- first, I'd say,
- 9 if you want to avoid the question and the
- 10 opinions of those states that argue that, I
- 11 obviously don't object.
- 12 JUSTICE GORSUCH: I knew it was
- 13 coming. Okay.
- MR. GOWDY: So -- but I do have a
- 15 thought, that 1396p(a)(1), which is the
- anti-lien provision, and the anti-recovery
- 17 provision in (b) are clear. They're clear.
- 18 And they are -- they are rights for
- 19 individuals. They're not rights the federal
- 20 government is likely to assert because it's
- 21 Ms. Gallardo who will lose her property and be
- 22 unable to pay for care that Medicaid doesn't
- pay for.
- 24 JUSTICE GORSUCH: I understand that.
- 25 It was a legal question, though. What in the

- 1 statute makes you think that it's a right that
- 2 belongs to individuals rather than to the
- 3 federal government?
- 4 MR. GOWDY: Because -- because the
- 5 statute by its plain text says no lien may be
- 6 imposed against the property of any individual.
- 7 So it is her individual right that she has a
- 8 right to assert here or in the lower federal
- 9 courts.
- 10 And, furthermore, I believe it's
- 11 clear, and the only condition here that is
- 12 happening is it's not like the state is -- I
- know you have other cases where the state must
- do A, B, and C to receive federal funding, but,
- here, that condition that I just read is clear.
- And what we're arguing about is whether the
- 17 state can go seek some other money, and the
- 18 federal government is telling them they can't.
- 19 But, anyway, to -- to directly answer
- your question, if you don't allow individuals
- 21 to assert this right in federal court, it's
- 22 effectively lost because it's the individual's
- 23 -- it -- it's a statutory property right.
- JUSTICE GORSUCH: Very helpful. Thank
- 25 you.

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1 CHIEF JUSTICE ROBERTS: Justice
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- 2 Kavanaugh.
- JUSTICE KAVANAUGH: To the extent that
- 4 one provision, as Justice Kagan said, is
- 5 helpful to you and one provision is not helpful
- 6 to you, I want to ask you why we shouldn't look
- 7 to the Medicare analogy that you were
- 8 discussing with Justice Breyer as a sensible
- 9 landing point for us to arrive at in resolving
- 10 the discrepancy between the two provisions.
- 11 What's different --
- MR. GOWDY: Okay.
- 13 JUSTICE KAVANAUGH: -- about the
- 14 Medicare?
- MR. GOWDY: Well, so the Medicare
- 16 statutes --
- JUSTICE KAVANAUGH: Not -- not the
- 18 language.
- 19 MR. GOWDY: Oh.
- 20 JUSTICE KAVANAUGH: But what would be
- 21 wrong with resolving this and treating it in
- the same way as Medicare, given that you have
- 23 assumed for the second contradictory
- 24 provisions?
- MR. GOWDY: Well, I -- I don't -- I

- 1 quess the premise of your question seems to be,
- 2 and correct me if I'm wrong, that the language
- 3 in the assignment clause is similar to the
- 4 language in the Medicare statute. And --
- 5 JUSTICE KAVANAUGH: I think the
- 6 premise is that that language just is not
- 7 helpful to you and other language in a
- 8 different provision is helpful to you. So we
- 9 have to sort out how are we going to figure out
- 10 which provision to follow.
- 11 And if Medicare is -- is done one way,
- 12 what sense would it make to have Medicaid done
- 13 a different way on this issue?
- MR. GOWDY: This -- here's -- well, I
- 15 have two -- two responses.
- One, you could follow the path of
- 17 Judge Wilson in the dissent in -- in the Utah
- 18 Supreme Court in Latham and you -- and you
- 19 apply the general specific canon and the most
- 20 recently enacted canon. And we've argued that
- 21 and we get the same point for Ms. Gallardo.
- Number two, Medicare and Medicaid are
- 23 very different. Medicare, generally, you
- 24 become 65, you're eligible, and you're eligible
- for the rest of the time you're here on the

- 1 earth.
- 2 Medicaid, you frequently see people
- 3 going in and out of Medicaid, and it actually
- 4 happens in tort cases a -- a lot.
- 5 You will have somebody who, when the
- 6 tort happens, is on private insurance, then
- 7 loses their job, can't make the COBRA payments,
- 8 and by the time you get to trial, they're on
- 9 Medicaid. And so you have -- that's -- that
- 10 happens where I was talking with these past
- 11 payments. You have some paid by private
- insurance, some paid by Medicaid. And then
- they get the tort recovery and they're off.
- So there's a real distinction between
- 15 Medicare and Medicaid in that regard, and so I
- don't think you can just apply Medicare -- and
- 17 -- and, again, Florida's reading is a lifetime
- 18 assignment. It's not the same as -- Medicare
- 19 -- the Medicare statute limits the recovery to
- 20 the -- to the tortfeasor.
- 21 And though Florida says its current
- 22 statute doesn't allow this, its reading of the
- assignment clause necessarily means that future
- third-party payers who didn't cause the tort
- 25 must pay for the past care caused by the tort.

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1 JUSTICE KAVANAUGH: Thank -- thank
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- 2 you. That's helpful.
- 3 CHIEF JUSTICE ROBERTS: Justice
- 4 Barrett?
- 5 JUSTICE BARRETT: Just one question.
- 6 So, you know, as several people, including
- 7 Justice Kagan, have said, 1396a --
- 8 1396k(a)(1)(A), you know, favors Florida and
- 9 the later enacted (25)(H) is better for you.
- 10 I think your case would be a lot
- 11 harder if you just had 1396k to go on. And I'm
- just wondering whether there are any cases
- interpreting 1396k before the later (25)(H) was
- 14 enacted?
- MR. GOWDY: We did -- yes, if you look
- 16 at page 40 -- give me one second -- page 45 of
- our brief, you'll see cases there from the --
- 18 from the 1980s from state courts --
- 19 JUSTICE BARRETT: Mm-hmm.
- 20 MR. GOWDY: -- that were enacting --
- 21 that before -- before the 1993 (H) provision.
- So -- so the -- I -- I don't have any
- 23 Federal Circuit court opinion or -- but those
- 24 --
- 25 JUSTICE BARRETT: But did they

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construe it your way?
1
 2
               MR. GOWDY: They -- they --
 3
               JUSTICE BARRETT: That -- that was --
               MR. GOWDY: I'd have to go --
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               JUSTICE BARRETT: -- that was the
 5
 6
      question. I'm just wondering whether, when
 7
      that was all there was, did the general
      interpretation of that provision favor you?
 8
 9
     Because that -- that makes a difference, right?
10
      Otherwise, your argument really hinges on
11
      (25)(H) having somehow narrowed the scope.
12
               MR. GOWDY: I guess.
13
     historically, this is what I would tell you:
     Before the Ahlborn decision, which was in 2006,
14
15
     many state courts, including those in Florida,
16
     read these provisions as allowing the states to
17
      take all those things Justice Breyer mentioned
18
      a few minutes ago.
19
               So this issue about -- between medical
20
      expense -- medical care you don't see come up
21
      in the litigation very much because what was
2.2
     happening at that time was could we get the
23
     whole tort recovery, including the part for
24
      lost wages, pain and suffering, and the
25
      television, okay?
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1 JUSTICE BARRETT: Mm-hmm.
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- 2 MR. GOWDY: So -- but what I would say
- 3 about these cases on page 45 is that they
- 4 basically apply background principles of
- 5 subrogation, assignment, and insurance law,
- 6 which the government and we have put in our
- 7 brief, including in our reply brief, and those
- 8 background principles line up with us.
- 9 JUSTICE BARRETT: Mm-hmm.
- 10 MR. GOWDY: So that's the best I can
- 11 do. And -- and you just -- I don't think
- 12 you're going to find -- I looked.
- JUSTICE BARRETT: Mm-hmm.
- MR. GOWDY: I looked really hard. And
- 15 I don't think you're going to --
- 16 JUSTICE BARRETT: I assumed that you
- 17 had.
- MR. GOWDY: You're not -- you're not
- 19 going to find these cases from that time period
- 20 because of Ahlborn happening in 2006, which
- 21 kind of really changed the way a lot of the
- lower courts were looking at this.
- JUSTICE BARRETT: Thank you.
- 24 CHIEF JUSTICE ROBERTS: Thank you,
- 25 counsel.

1	Mr. Suri.
2	ORAL ARGUMENT OF VIVEK SURI
3	FOR THE UNITED STATES, AS AMICUS CURIAE,
4	SUPPORTING THE PETITIONER
5	MR. SURI: Mr. Chief Justice, and may
6	it please the Court:
7	Our position does not turn on any
8	distinction between past and future medical
9	expenses. It instead turns on who paid for
10	those expenses.
11	Medicaid is entitled to the portions
12	of the recovery that correspond to the things
13	Medicaid paid for, and the beneficiary gets the
14	portions of the recovery that correspond to the
15	things the beneficiary paid for.
16	Justice Thomas, you asked about how
17	this would work in the context of child support
18	or medical support provided by a parent. Our
19	answer is that it would work the same way. The
20	same kind of allocation would have to be made.
21	Justice Alito, you asked how this
22	would work in the context of payments that are
23	made after the settlement. I agree that's
24	something that can happen, although it's
25	unusual, and in that case, as I've said, we

- draw no distinction between past and future
- 2 payments. The entitlement would turn entirely
- 3 on who made the payment.
- 4 Justice Kagan, you asked about the
- 5 word "available" in (A). And we agree that the
- 6 word "available" can be read to mean
- 7 theoretically available. But the key language
- 8 here is not in (A). It's in (B). (B) is the
- 9 provision that specifies the pool of funds from
- 10 which the recovery can be obtained. And that's
- 11 at the very end of (B) where it says "to the
- 12 extent of such legal liability."
- But, if you look earlier in (B), it
- says such a legal liability is found to exist
- 15 after medical assistance has been made
- 16 available on behalf of the individual. And
- that makes clear that we're not talking about
- 18 theoretical availability. We're talking about
- 19 actually being made available.
- In addition, if you look at page 7A of
- our brief, there's a regulation, 42 C.F.R.
- 433.138, which interprets (A) itself to apply
- 23 to services that are furnished and not merely
- 24 available under the plan.
- Justice Kavanaugh, you asked about the

- 1 Medicare analogy, and I don't think that
- 2 analogy really helps in this context. That's
- 3 because Medicare adopts the system that was
- 4 rejected in Ahlborn. In other words, it's not
- 5 the case that Medicare takes the pool of money
- 6 that is attributable to future medical
- 7 expenses. Rather, it takes from the entire
- 8 pool of the settlement.
- 9 And now -- we think it's rational for
- 10 Congress to have done one of two things. You
- 11 could say you limit the -- the government to
- 12 the pool of money that corresponds to the funds
- 13 that have actually been paid for by Medicaid,
- and that would be fair to the beneficiary.
- 15 Alternatively, you could say that the
- 16 government could take the entire settlement.
- 17 That would be less fair to the beneficiary, but
- 18 it avoids the administrative costs and hassle
- 19 of having these allocation determinations.
- 20 But what's less understandable is why
- 21 Congress would have adopted the middle ground
- 22 that Florida wants, where you have the
- 23 administrative expense of these allocation
- 24 proceedings, but you also don't have the
- 25 fairness to the beneficiary because Medicaid is

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1 going beyond the pool that corresponds to the
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- 2 funds that Medicaid itself has paid for. In
- 3 many ways, it's the worst of all worlds.
- 4 Justice Gorsuch, you had asked about
- 5 Section 1983 and how that would apply here.
- 6 The federal government agrees that the Court
- 7 shouldn't reach that issue in this case. It's
- 8 a difficult issue about how Section 1983 should
- 9 be interpreted. There are also complications
- 10 about whether it should be under Section 1983
- or Ex parte Young. We'd urge the Court to
- 12 reserve that case -- that issue for future
- 13 cases.
- 14 Justice Breyer, your hypothetical
- involved Smith and Jones and Smith getting to
- 16 pay I think it was 15,000 out of the 25,000.
- 17 How does Medicaid recover the remaining 10,000?
- I think the way to deal with that is,
- 19 first, the state could go after the tortfeasor
- 20 directly. It has multiple avenues for doing
- 21 that. It's received an assignment. It could
- 22 use that assignment to bring the suit in the
- 23 first place.
- 24 Second, after the suit has been
- 25 brought by the private individual, the state

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1 could intervene in that case.
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- 2 Third, after the settlement has been
- 3 reached, the state could say we're not a party
- 4 to that settlement and we still want to sue the
- 5 individual for the remaining money, and in that
- 6 suit, the state could ask for the full extent
- 7 of its expenses.
- 8 But what the state is doing here is
- 9 it's not going after the tortfeasor. It's
- 10 going after the victim of the accident, and
- it's seeking funds that don't correspond to the
- 12 things it paid for.
- We think that's exactly what the
- anti-lien clause prevents the state from doing.
- 15 If there are any other questions, I
- 16 welcome them.
- 17 JUSTICE THOMAS: Mr. Suri, the -- I am
- 18 curious as to, in these cases -- this is a
- 19 funding case, right? Why wouldn't you just
- 20 sanction the State of Florida if you think
- they're out of compliance?
- MR. SURI: Justice Thomas, we would be
- 23 entitled to do that under a separate provision
- of the Medicaid statute. I appreciate that you
- 25 have written in a separate opinion that is

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1 cited in Florida's brief that that would be the
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- 2 appropriate sanction, the appropriate sanction
- 3 wouldn't be preemption, but seven other
- 4 justices disagreed with that proposition in
- 5 that case, and we've gone with what the
- 6 majority of the Court has determined.
- 7 That's also consistent with what the
- 8 Court held in both Ahlborn and Wos, where it
- 9 rejected a state's efforts, even though the
- 10 alternative of the federal government
- 11 withholding funding was theoretically
- 12 available.
- JUSTICE GORSUCH: I guess that's why I
- 14 -- I would appreciate the government's effort
- 15 to address my -- my question because, if this
- is a Spending Clause case predominantly and a
- 17 relationship between the federal and a state
- 18 government, we might expect the federal
- 19 government to speak more clearly in prohibiting
- or limiting the state's powers than it has here
- 21 before imposing a fine or maybe withholding
- 22 Medicaid funds altogether, which is a huge
- 23 percentage of state budgets these days.
- 24 But, if there is a personal right to
- 25 action here, that -- that -- that puts the case

1 in a different light. And I just want to make

- 2 sure we're not addressing a unicorn that
- 3 doesn't exist but something that actually does
- 4 exist in the world. And you tell us we don't
- 5 have to decide it. I understand that. You
- 6 don't need to tell me that again.
- 7 But how would the government have us
- 8 resolve that question? Does it have any views
- 9 it wishes to offer on that?
- 10 MR. SURI: At the very least, Justice
- 11 Gorsuch, even if the case couldn't proceed
- 12 under Section 1983, we expect it could proceed
- 13 under Ex parte Young. The state is taking an
- 14 action that would be contrary to federal law,
- and the individual is entitled to bring an Ex
- 16 parte Young case to say that action cannot
- 17 proceed.
- Now the argument on the other side,
- 19 according to the states' amicus brief that you
- 20 have cited, is that Ex parte Young wouldn't
- 21 apply where Congress has implicitly foreclosed
- it, and they've relied on this Court's decision
- 23 in Armstrong.
- 24 But Armstrong was a case in which the
- 25 Court said that the provision being applied was

judicially inadministrable, and, therefore, you

- 2 could infer that Congress meant for the
- 3 Secretary, rather than individual lawsuits, to
- 4 be the mechanism through which that provision
- 5 was enforced. That concern isn't relevant
- 6 here.
- 7 JUSTICE SOTOMAYOR: Counsel, this is
- 8 Justice Sotomayor. The strength that was
- 9 conceded by Petitioner's counsel in k -- I'm
- 10 not sure I agree that k is a weakness for the
- 11 Petitioner. Are you in agreement with him?
- MR. SURI: I will say only that k is
- the least strong of our provisions. I wouldn't
- say that it's weak. We have two arguments just
- 15 looking at k alone.
- The first that we would say is there's
- 17 an absurdity argument that results from
- 18 Florida's position. If Florida reads
- 19 k(a)(1)(A) for all it's worth and the way that
- 20 Florida insists it should be read, which is
- 21 with no contextual limitations whatsoever, then
- 22 it leads to an absurd result of a lifetime
- 23 assignment.
- 24 For example, imagine that Ms. Gallardo
- were to miraculously recover tomorrow, and 10

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1 years from now she has a slip-and-fall
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- 2 accident. If you take Florida's position to
- 3 its logical conclusion, that's medical care, so
- 4 Florida could look into the portion of the
- 5 judgment that represents medical care for the
- 6 slip-and-fall accident and use that to
- 7 reimburse the car accident care that it's
- 8 provided here. In fact, it would be required
- 9 to do that because this provision says a state
- 10 plan for medical assistance "shall."
- 11 The other things we would look to in k
- 12 are the language indicating that k does not
- 13 stand alone, that k has to be read in context.
- 14 This includes, for example, the opening words
- of k(a)(A), "for the purpose of assisting in
- the collection of medical support payments."
- 17 That word "assisting" suggests that k is not
- 18 some freestanding provision. It's meant to
- implement the preexisting duty in (A) and (B).
- 20 And, Justice Barrett, if I could
- 21 quickly address your question about the
- 22 sequencing of the statute here, the order in
- 23 which Congress enacted those provisions was
- first came (A) and (B), then came k, and then
- finally came (H). So we don't have to rely on

- 1 (H) retroactively narrowing k, so to speak. We
- 2 can just look at k being enacted against the
- 3 backdrop of (A) and (B), and if you agree with
- 4 us on (A) and (B), then k incorporates the same
- 5 contextual limitation.
- And even if you don't agree with that,
- 7 there are a number of opinions in which this
- 8 Court has said that a later-enacted provision
- 9 can clarify an ambiguity in an earlier
- 10 provision. An example of that would be Justice
- 11 Scalia's opinion for the Court in United States
- 12 against Fausto.
- JUSTICE SOTOMAYOR: Now --
- JUSTICE KAGAN: And, Mister --
- JUSTICE SOTOMAYOR: Go ahead, Justice
- 16 Kagan.
- 17 JUSTICE KAGAN: Mr. Suri, is there any
- argument here that k is more relevant than (H)
- 19 or that (H) is more relevant than k? Or do we
- 20 just have to deal with the whole ball of wax
- 21 together somehow?
- MR. SURI: I'm afraid you have to deal
- 23 with all of them together, Justice Kagan. We
- 24 don't think -- we don't agree with the
- arguments that suggest that k is applicable but

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1 not (H) or that (H) is applicable but not k.
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- 2 JUSTICE KAGAN: And -- and why is
- 3 that?
- 4 MR. SURI: The reason is, first, that
- 5 the Court said in Ahlborn that these provisions
- 6 echo and reiterate each other. And, second, k
- 7 has some features in it that would have to
- 8 apply regardless of whether the government is
- 9 proceeding under (H) or k, or else the
- 10 statutory scheme would not make sense.
- 11 For example, there's a duty to
- 12 cooperate in k that's not repeated in (H). And
- if you treat these as two completely
- 14 freestanding, unrelated provisions, then that
- would suggest that the beneficiary has no duty
- 16 to cooperate under (H).
- 17 Similarly, k says that the federal
- 18 government gets a share of the recovery.
- 19 That's not repeated in (H) either. And I think
- 20 we'd be quite worried if states could say we're
- 21 proceeding under (H) and we don't have to turn
- over any money to the federal government.
- JUSTICE BARRETT: Mr. Suri, I'd like
- 24 to ask you a question about the lifetime
- 25 assignment absurdity. In your example, you

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1 talked about a tort settlement that came many
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- 2 years later and the state still retaining a
- 3 right and an obligation, indeed, to get money
- 4 from that settlement to pay.
- 5 Does that only work if the recipient
- 6 is still on Medicaid?
- 7 MR. SURI: Not necessarily, Justice
- 8 Barrett, because the assignment in this
- 9 hypothetical would have been made at -- at the
- 10 outset when the Medicaid assistance were being
- 11 received for the first time, when Medicaid is
- 12 paying for Ms. Gallardo's injuries the first
- 13 time. And, presumably, the assistance would
- last for the rest of Ms. Gallardo's life
- 15 because Florida says there's no limiting
- language in k(a)(1)(A).
- 17 JUSTICE SOTOMAYOR: Counsel, in your
- 18 list of what states could do to protect
- 19 themselves, you didn't mention the fact that
- 20 the state at all times has a right to challenge
- 21 the allocation of a settlement. If it believes
- the allocation with respect to past medical
- 23 payments was unfair, it can judicially or
- 24 administratively challenge that allocation,
- 25 correct?

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1 MR. SURI: I agree, Justice Sotomayor.
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- 2 That is an additional tool at the state's
- 3 disposal that prevents these harms that the
- 4 state is talking about here.
- 5 Indeed, in this very case, the
- 6 Eleventh Circuit took Petitioner to be arguing
- 7 that the state was bound by the settlement
- 8 allocation that the parties had privately
- 9 agreed to, and the Eleventh Circuit rejected
- 10 that argument.
- 11 We agree with the Eleventh Circuit
- 12 that to the extent Petitioner was making that
- argument, that argument would have been
- incorrect. The state is entitled to challenge
- the allocation. And, again, the state doesn't
- 16 have to limit itself just to the allocation.
- 17 It can always sue the tortfeasor.
- 18 JUSTICE ALITO: To what extent does
- 19 this issue implicate important interests of the
- 20 federal government in the operation of the
- 21 Medicaid statute?
- MR. SURI: It does to some extent,
- Justice Alito, in the following ways.
- 24 First, the federal government has an
- interest in recovering money. It gets a share

- of the state's recovery.
- 2 But, on the other hand, it also has a
- 3 competing interest in protecting beneficiaries.
- 4 As Mr. Gowdy said, Medicaid is not a loan.
- 5 It's a benefit meant to be paid out. And the
- 6 federal government has an interest in ensuring
- 7 that states aren't, as it were, converting
- 8 Medicaid into a loan that the beneficiary is
- 9 then saddled with for the rest of her life.
- 10 JUSTICE ALITO: No, I -- I understand
- 11 that. I guess what I'm thinking about is why
- the federal government hasn't itself taken
- 13 actions against Florida and any other states
- 14 that have laws like this?
- MR. SURI: For two reasons, Justice
- 16 Alito, both textual.
- The first is, if you look at (A) and
- 18 (B), they have the word "reasonable" in them.
- 19 They provide that the state or local agency
- 20 must take reasonable measures to ascertain the
- 21 legal liability of third parties and that the
- 22 state must pursue recovery when the
- 23 reimbursement that the state reasonably expects
- 24 to recover exceeds the cost of the recovery.
- 25 So we think that leaves states with some wiggle

- 1 room.
- 2 And then the provision about
- 3 withholding funds has, I think, the term
- 4 "substantial compliance." So it's not just
- 5 that any foot fault by a state would allow the
- 6 federal government to come in and cut off
- 7 funds. Rather, the state has to be not in
- 8 substantial compliance with the statute.
- 9 Finally, we -- we wouldn't want to
- 10 punish the innocent beneficiaries in Florida by
- 11 cutting off the state's Medicaid's fund --
- 12 Medicaid funds if that can be avoided.
- JUSTICE GORSUCH: Why would an
- individual have a right to then sue for any,
- what you call foot fault, but the federal
- 16 government can only intervene when there is
- 17 substantial non-compliance?
- 18 MR. SURI: The statute uses the term
- 19 "substantial" in the provision authorizing the
- 20 -- the Secretary to deny approval. It doesn't
- 21 use the word "substantial" in this context.
- JUSTICE GORSUCH: Isn't it awkward to
- 23 think that the individual right would be
- broader than the federal government's?
- MR. SURI: No, Justice Gorsuch. It

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1 may be that the federal government could itself
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- 2 have brought a lawsuit. It may not have been
- 3 able to --
- 4 JUSTICE GORSUCH: Well, I thought you
- 5 just told us it probably couldn't have.
- 6 MR. SURI: Couldn't have cut off
- 7 funds. That doesn't --
- 8 JUSTICE GORSUCH: Okay.
- 9 MR. SURI: -- necessarily mean that it
- 10 couldn't have brought its own lawsuit.
- JUSTICE GORSUCH: Okay. Thank you.
- 12 CHIEF JUSTICE ROBERTS: Justice
- 13 Thomas?
- 14 JUSTICE THOMAS: Just one brief
- question, Mr. Suri, addressing the preemption
- 16 issue. Normally, when we have a preemption
- 17 case, the federal government says do something
- one way. A state says do it another way. And
- 19 there's a conflict.
- In this context, the Spending Clause
- 21 context, this is -- we normally analogize that
- 22 to an agreement between the state and the
- 23 federal government.
- Do you see that there's any
- 25 difference? I -- I -- I'm -- it -- I don't see

1 how you could say the laws are in conflict when

- 2 it is embodied in an agreement, as opposed to
- 3 two conflicting laws mandating certain conduct.
- 4 MR. SURI: Justice Thomas, the fact
- 5 that a law is an agreement doesn't prevent it
- from also being a law with preemptive effect.
- 7 Treaties, for example, are agreements, but they
- 8 still have preemptive effect under the
- 9 Supremacy Clause. Interstate compacts are
- 10 agreements, but they have preemptive effect.
- 11 And, similarly, Spending Clause
- 12 legislation, although it has been termed in the
- 13 nature of a contract, they also have preemptive
- 14 effect, as this Court has recognized many
- 15 times. An example, if you'd like to look at a
- 16 case, is Dalton against Little Rock Family
- 17 Planning Services.
- JUSTICE THOMAS: I don't think
- 19 treaties do you much good, but I -- I see your
- 20 point.
- 21 CHIEF JUSTICE ROBERTS: Justice
- 22 Breyer?
- JUSTICE BREYER: For one minute I'd
- like to go back to Justice Barrett's question.
- 25 Everybody agrees we're talking about Medicaid

- 1 has paid \$25,000 medical expenses. We're only
- 2 talking about what they paid.
- 3 And if we're only talking about when
- 4 the victim sues the tortfeasor, there's a
- 5 settlement, what can they collect that past
- 6 expense from, and I think that she suggested
- 7 that once upon a time it was possible to
- 8 collect it from the whole settlement. You
- 9 could collect it from the television part, from
- 10 the house destruction part, the car,
- 11 everything.
- 12 And then Congress narrowed it. And
- 13 now you say they narrowed it to you can only
- 14 collect from the part earmarked where that's
- 15 fair, from past expenses. But the language
- says they've limited it down to anything in
- 17 that settlement that has to do with medical
- 18 expenses. And so what's wrong with that?
- Now you made one point about future
- 20 accidents and so forth. Forget that one. I
- 21 understand it. I think you could get rid of
- that by saying it has to be this accident, but
- 23 that's a -- that's a -- I've got that point.
- 24 Anything else?
- MR. SURI: Yes, Justice Breyer.

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1
               First, your question assumes that
 2
      we're looking at k alone. But k shouldn't be
      looked at alone. It should be looked at in the
 3
      context of (A) and (B), which it's
 4
      implementing, and in the context of (H), which
 5
      the Court in Ahlborn said it echoes.
 6
 7
               In addition, if you look at
      k(a)(1)(C), it refers to a third party who may
 8
 9
      be liable to pay for care and services
      available under the plan. So there's, again,
10
11
      that same limiting language that's already in
12
      (A), available under the plan. The same
13
      language is in k.
14
               I grant it's not in the assignment
15
      provision specifically. It's in a different --
16
      it's in a different part of k. But it really
17
      wouldn't have made sense for Congress to say:
18
      Beneficiary, you must assign the state your
19
      rights with respect to all medical care, but
20
      then you only have to cooperate with the state
21
      with respect to the subset of that medical care
2.2
      that relates to the services provided by
      Medicaid.
23
               It's more reasonable to infer that
24
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Congress meant those provisions to be

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1 harmonious and to have a similar scope.
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- 2 CHIEF JUSTICE ROBERTS: Justice Alito?
- Justice Sotomayor?
- 4 JUSTICE SOTOMAYOR: Counsel, is there
- 5 any way to accept Respondent, Florida's
- 6 reading, without overruling essentially
- 7 Ahlborn, the reasoning of Ahlborn?
- 8 MR. SURI: Justice Sotomayor, I don't
- 9 wish to overclaim the relevance of Ahlborn. We
- 10 think Ahlborn supports us in at least two
- 11 respects.
- 12 First, the bottom-line result in
- 13 Ahlborn. There was a settlement in that case
- where there was a portion, \$35,000, that
- 15 represented past medical expenses that the
- 16 state had paid for. There was also an
- 17 additional portion that represented future
- 18 medical expenses that the state hadn't paid
- 19 for. And the Court's bottom-line judgment in
- 20 Ahlborn was the state gets the 35,000, not the
- 21 35,000 plus the additional portion
- 22 corresponding to the future medical expenses.
- Second, there's a footnote in Ahlborn,
- 24 Footnote 19, where the Court reasons that it
- would be unfair, unjust, to allow the state to

obtain a portion of the recovery that it didn't

- 2 compensate for. And we think that same
- 3 unfairness arises in this context.
- But, again, I don't wish to claim more
- of Ahlborn than -- than would be reasonable.
- 6 The issue that's presented in this case was not
- 7 squarely before the Court in Ahlborn, so we
- 8 wouldn't go so far as to say that it's a
- 9 binding holding on that point. We just think
- 10 its reasoning supports us.
- 11 JUSTICE SOTOMAYOR: Thank you.
- 12 CHIEF JUSTICE ROBERTS: Justice Kagan?
- 13 JUSTICE KAGAN: Mr. Suri, I -- I'd
- like to ask you about an argument you didn't
- make, and it seems to me a good argument, the
- 16 kind that I might ask General Whitaker about.
- 17 But you didn't make it, and that makes me think
- 18 it's a bad argument.
- 19 So here's the argument: It's from
- 20 1396a(25)(I), and that provision is sort of the
- 21 mirror image of k because it's where -- it's
- 22 the requirement that insurers accept an
- 23 assignment of rights. And -- and that
- 24 provision speaks very clearly about items or
- 25 services for which payment has been made under

1 the state plan. In other words, that provision

- 2 seems to support your understanding of made
- 3 payments.
- 4 And -- and -- and as I say, it seems
- 5 as though (I) should be the mirror image of k,
- 6 but then, again, you didn't make that argument.
- 7 So why not?
- 8 MR. SURI: Justice Kagan, we made the
- 9 argument at pages 18 and 19 of our brief. It's
- 10 true I didn't repeat the argument at the podium
- 11 today, but that's not because we don't think
- 12 it's a good argument.
- 13 It -- it -- it is just as strong for
- us as (H), but I will note it was enacted after
- 15 k, and so you'd have the same questions about
- 16 whether (H) and (I) should be interpreted as
- 17 narrowing a previously enacted provision, but
- 18 we do agree it is very strong for us.
- 19 CHIEF JUSTICE ROBERTS: Justice
- 20 Gorsuch?
- Justice Kavanaugh?
- 22 JUSTICE KAVANAUGH: I think you said a
- 23 minute ago that Florida's position would lead
- to an unfair or unjust scheme. But, again, I
- 25 want to compare then the Medicare scheme is --

is even broader in terms of the state's ability

- 2 to recover than what Florida is proposing for
- 3 the Medicaid regime.
- 4 Is that regime similarly unfair and
- 5 unjust, or what -- what's the explanation
- 6 there?
- 7 MR. SURI: That regime sacrifices a
- 8 perfect fairness for administrative efficiency.
- 9 That scheme allows Congress to say: We don't
- want to bother with these allocation hearings.
- 11 We'll just let the state -- we'll just let the
- 12 federal government take the full amount of the
- 13 settlement.
- Now Florida's scheme here that it.
- 15 proposes in this case wouldn't achieve that
- offsetting administrative advantage because you
- 17 would still have to have the allocation
- 18 hearings to determine whether a portion of the
- 19 settlement is attributable to medical expenses
- or to something like pain and suffering, which
- 21 even they concede they can't recover.
- 22 JUSTICE KAVANAUGH: I think earlier
- you said that that would be the worst of all
- 24 worlds, but in some sense, it gives the
- 25 beneficiary a little more than the beneficiary

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1 gets under the Medicaid regime but gives the
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- 2 state a little more than it would get under
- 3 Petitioner and your proposal. So why is that
- 4 the worst of all worlds?
- 5 MR. SURI: It's the worst of all
- 6 worlds because it neither achieves the
- 7 administrative efficiency benefits of not
- 8 having these allocation hearings nor achieves
- 9 fairness.
- 10 Now I suppose you could defend that
- 11 system by saying it -- it's a compromise, it's
- 12 a little unfair to the beneficiary and a little
- 13 unfair to the state.
- 14 Yes, I accept that in theory Congress
- 15 could enact that system, but we just don't
- think that's the system Congress enacted here.
- 17 JUSTICE KAVANAUGH: And -- and last
- 18 question. How is this operating in practice
- 19 right now throughout the 50 states, and what
- 20 implications would occur if we adopt Florida's
- 21 position and, by contrast, your position?
- MR. SURI: In the 50-state survey we
- 23 conducted before this argument, we uncovered
- 24 nine states that --
- 25 JUSTICE KAVANAUGH: Glad I asked then.

1	MR. SURI: by judicial decision or
2	express legislation do things the way that
3	Petitioner would like. We identified six
4	states that in addition to Florida itself,
5	that do things the way Florida would like,
6	again, either by legislation or judicial
7	decision.
8	And most states were difficult to
9	classify either because they said we will go to
LO	the maximum extent permitted by federal law or
L1	they parrot the federal provisions and so you'd
L2	have the same interpretive dispute under the
L3	state law that you're currently having under
L4	the federal law, or they're otherwise ambiguous
L5	or they haven't updated their statutes since
L6	Ahlborn, so it isn't clear from the face of the
L7	statute what they would do now.
L8	I would note, however, that the vast
L9	majority of lower courts have come out in
20	Petitioner's direction, not in Respondent's
21	direction. So, to the extent that's any guide,
22	ruling for Petitioner would preserve the status
23	quo in this in this area.
24	JUSTICE KAVANAUGH: Thank you.
2.5	CHIEF JUSTICE ROBERTS: Justice

_	Dallett:
2	Thank you, counsel.
3	General Whitaker?
4	ORAL ARGUMENT OF HENRY C. WHITAKER
5	ON BEHALF OF THE RESPONDENT
6	MR. WHITAKER: Mr. Chief Justice, and
7	may it please the Court:
8	Medicaid is an important and expensive
9	part of the social safety net. To help keep
LO	Medicaid solvent, Congress made Medicaid the
L1	payer of last resort, meaning that other
L2	available resources should pay medical expenses
L3	before Medicaid pays. As part of that role,
L4	Medicaid recovers money from tortfeasors who
L5	injure Medicaid beneficiaries. When it does
L6	so, Medicaid can never be reimbursed for more
L7	than it paid out in benefits.
L8	The question here is whether the
L9	program may seek that reimbursement from a tort
20	settlement, not only out of medical damages or
21	medical expenses paid in the past but also for
22	medical expenses that will be paid in the
23	future.
24	Section 1396k of the statute answers
) E	that greation. It provides for Medisaid

- 1 beneficiaries to assign to the program rights
- 2 to payment for "medical care," not past medical
- 3 care, not some complicated subset of medical
- 4 care. Medical care, period, including payments
- 5 for medical care that may be necessary in the
- 6 future.
- 7 That reading is confirmed by
- 8 subsection (B) of Section 1396k, the remainder
- 9 provision. Medical expenses may include
- 10 expenses that Medicaid paid and expenses that
- 11 the beneficiary paid. The remainder provision
- 12 says that if Medicaid recovers all of those
- 13 medical expenses, Medicaid is reimbursed for
- its expenses and the remaining amount goes to
- 15 the beneficiary.
- But, if there isn't enough money to
- 17 reimburse both Medicaid and the beneficiary,
- 18 the remainder provision says that Medicaid gets
- 19 paid first. In other words, far from
- 20 prohibiting Medicaid from recovering out of all
- 21 medical damages, Section 1396k gives Medicaid's
- 22 reimbursement claim priority over other claims
- 23 to medical expenses.
- 24 The result is neither untoward nor
- 25 surprising. Medicaid can never be reimbursed

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1 for more than it paid out in benefits.
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- 2 Medicaid can also never receive any non-medical
- damages, but because it is the payer of last
- 4 resort for medical expenses, it may recover
- 5 from all medical damages.
- I welcome the Court's questions.
- JUSTICE THOMAS: General Whitaker,
- 8 Petitioner says that if we accept your
- 9 interpretation of 1396, that you will be able
- 10 to get or benefit from a lifetime assignment
- 11 that covers third-party payments for future
- 12 medical needs.
- What do you think of that?
- MR. WHITAKER: Well, I think it's --
- 15 it's not correct. It's not an -- it's not an
- 16 implication of our position. It's not how
- 17 Florida has implemented the statute. And I
- 18 think that Florida's implementation of the
- 19 statute is correct.
- 20 Florida -- in Florida, the lien can
- 21 attach only to an injury for which Medicaid at
- 22 least provided some payment. And that, I
- think, is a natural reading of the statute,
- 24 because the statute provides -- for a different
- 25 reading, I think -- for a different reason, I

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1 think, than -- than -- than some of the -- of
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- 2 the things we've been discussing today. I
- 3 think the reason is it's natural to think of an
- 4 assignment of a right that is being made in
- 5 exchange for a medical payment to be related in
- 6 some way to that medical payment. And so I
- 7 don't think that would be within the scope of
- 8 the assignment.
- 9 Here, however, what we have is what
- 10 everybody agrees is a valid assignment, and the
- only question is, does the state's payment for
- 12 medical care extend to all medical care or only
- 13 some medical care?
- 14 JUSTICE THOMAS: But what about future
- 15 medical care? He's -- they -- he suggests that
- 16 your reading would result in all future medical
- 17 care --
- 18 MR. WHITAKER: No, Your Honor --
- 19 JUSTICE THOMAS: -- being covered.
- 20 MR. WHITAKER: -- it does not result
- 21 in all future medical care -- consistent with
- 22 Florida's -- result in the state being able to
- 23 recover from all future medical care.
- 24 What has to happen is, if -- if the
- 25 beneficiary -- if a Medicaid beneficiary is

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1 injured and Medicaid pays for it, Medicaid
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- 2 first seeks reimbursement out of the past
- 3 medical expenses portion of the recovery. But,
- 4 if that amount is not sufficient to satisfy
- 5 Medicaid's claim, then it may, if necessary,
- 6 get the remaining part of the future medical
- 7 expenses part of the recovery, what --
- 8 JUSTICE THOMAS: And, finally, the
- 9 distinction that the Petitioner made between
- 10 child support and medical care, what do you
- 11 make of that?
- 12 MR. WHITAKER: I don't think it makes
- any sense. The statute says that the Medicaid
- 14 program is assigned rights to support that are
- for the purpose of medical care. If that -- if
- 16 that -- if that payment happened in a lump-sum
- amount that was for the purpose of medical
- 18 care, the program would absolutely have a right
- 19 to -- to use that money to reimburse its costs.
- 20 So I think -- I think that is actually
- 21 a quite strong textual indication that
- 22 Section 1396k is not limited in the way that
- 23 the other side suggests, because the only
- 24 example of a payment for medical care that we
- 25 have in the statute does not fit their

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1 description of how payments for medical care
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- 2 that come from tort recoveries should work.
- JUSTICE THOMAS: Thank you.
- 4 MR. WHITAKER: So the -- the --
- 5 CHIEF JUSTICE ROBERTS: Counsel, does
- 6 the state par -- ever participate in the
- 7 underlying litigation that gives rise to the
- 8 judgment or the settlement?
- 9 MR. WHITAKER: Well, certainly,
- 10 Florida's statute allows us that authority. In
- 11 terms of our practice right now, my
- 12 understanding is that we don't do that just --
- just because we -- it's not cost-effective for
- it to do it that way, for us to --
- 15 CHIEF JUSTICE ROBERTS: Well, maybe
- 16 not in every one, but if you have sort of ones
- where the amounts will be significant, that
- 18 would avoid the allocation hearings after the
- 19 fact, and you could address those things in the
- 20 structuring of the -- of the settlement or the
- 21 judgment, right?
- MR. WHITAKER: Well, I'm not sure it
- 23 would necessarily -- well -- well, I guess we
- 24 would have an assignment for payment for -- for
- 25 medical expenses. That's presumably what we

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1 would be pursuing in that -- in that instance.
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- Yes, Mr. Chief Justice, I think that's
- 3 right. I mean, certainly, we could bring these
- 4 claims ourselves. I do think that, in general,
- 5 it's more cost-effective for the beneficiary to
- 6 bring these claims because, of course, after
- 7 Ahlborn, the state -- the state's assigned
- 8 rights doesn't even extend to pain and
- 9 suffering. So, in most instances, the
- 10 beneficiary is going to be suing anyway.
- 11 CHIEF JUSTICE ROBERTS: Well, you
- don't have to bring the actions yourself. You
- could have a provision in the state regulations
- or law that you need to get notice of
- 15 particular settlements or judgments that
- implicate your rights to recovery, and then you
- 17 could at the -- at the outset, you know,
- 18 protect your interests in recovery of future
- 19 expenses.
- 20 MR. WHITAKER: Well, that's right,
- 21 Your Honor, and, indeed, our statute does
- require the beneficiary to provide notice. If
- we lose this case, though, there's a -- there's
- 24 a limited amount we can do to protect our
- 25 rights because no matter -- no matter how well

- 1 we protect our right to the medical expense
- 2 portion of the recovery, it's -- it's
- 3 in no event going to include the -- allow us to
- 4 recover from future medical expenses.
- 5 And, again, we're only ever talking
- 6 about recovering what Medicaid paid for in the
- 7 past. Medicaid's -- Medicaid's claim is always
- 8 limited to no more than what it paid for in the
- 9 past.
- 10 And with respect, my -- the -- the --
- 11 the theme that my other side -- the other side
- 12 paints about, well, Medicaid can only get what
- it paid for, it just does not square with the
- language of the remainder provision, which
- 15 express -- expressly contemplates that the
- 16 state can recover out of -- out -- for expenses
- 17 that it did not pay for.
- 18 And this Court made that quite clear
- in Ahlborn itself, and this is what this Court
- 20 had to say in Ahlborn about the remainder
- 21 provision.
- JUSTICE SOTOMAYOR: Counsel, if that's
- 23 true, and you've just conceded that k -- the
- 24 lien created by k is a lien on the -- on past
- 25 medical expenses that have been paid, correct?

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               MR. WHITAKER: That is absolutely
 2
      true, Justice Sotomayor, but that --
 3
               JUSTICE SOTOMAYOR: All right.
      believe that the argument that the opposite
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      side is making is, if that's the amount of your
 5
 6
      lien and you're saying that you are entitled to
 7
     payment for -- from any medical source,
      correct, from -- for medical care from any
 8
 9
     third party, they're saying, if you read that
10
      as broadly as you're claiming, that means that
11
     you're entitled to collect for that past
12
     payment from any medical care from any third
     party, payment for medical care from any third
13
14
     party in the future, whether it's related to
15
      this injury or not.
16
               MR. WHITAKER: No, no, Justice
17
      Sotomayor, that does not follow, as I was
18
      explaining --
19
               JUSTICE SOTOMAYOR:
                                   I know.
                                            But the
20
      only way to not follow it is to break your lien
      from the source of the payment, meaning here --
21
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JUSTICE SOTOMAYOR: -- the payment

2.2

- that was assigned to you, you're saying,
- included an assignment for future medical care.

MR. WHITAKER: No, no --

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               MR. WHITAKER: No, Justice --
               JUSTICE SOTOMAYOR: And what -- and
 3
      what the government is saying is the payment
      that you're assigned is the payment for past
 4
     medical care, period.
 5
               MR. WHITAKER: Well, as I -- as I said
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 7
      earlier, I think there is -- there would be a
 8
      question in other cases, not present --
 9
      presented here, about what kinds of rights are
      within the scope of the assignment in the first
10
11
     place. And Florida has implemented its statute
12
      to say that an unrelated tort recovery would
13
     not be within the scope of the state's assigned
14
     rights in terms of whether the state has a
15
      right to payment at all.
16
               JUSTICE KAGAN: But put --
17
               MR. WHITAKER: Here --
18
               JUSTICE KAGAN: -- put Florida's
19
      statute aside, because I -- I think that the
     question that Justice Thomas and Justice
20
21
      Sotomayor are asking is, what in your
2.2
      understanding of the Medicaid provisions would
23
     prevent a state from going that far?
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               MR. WHITAKER: I -- I guess I think
25
      the way I read the statute, Justice Kagan, is
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1 that let's say that a Medicaid beneficiary gets
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- 2 injured and -- and has to -- and has to incur
- 3 medical expenses, and the beneficiary knows
- 4 there's a tort recovery.
- I suppose, I think that in theory, and
- 6 I -- I admit that this seems kind of
- 7 unrealistic, the beneficiary could just say, I
- 8 don't want to accept these medical expense
- 9 payments, I want to take my chances and go
- 10 after the tortfeasor myself and use that to pay
- 11 the medical expenses.
- 12 And that actually happened in a case
- 13 not with regard to a beneficiary but with a
- 14 hospital that declined Medicaid -- Medicaid
- 15 reimbursement and actually decided to seek the
- 16 third-party recovery itself.
- 17 So I do think that in the statute
- there is a notion that the assignment concerns,
- 19 when it's -- when you're talking about
- 20 assignment of a tort claim -- and this is a --
- 21 a common way of reasoning when you have
- 22 conditions on the receipt of government
- 23 funds -- I do think that there is a germaneness
- 24 requirement, that when you're assigning a right
- 25 to the state for -- specifically a right to a

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1 tort recovery, that it's not anything. It's
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- 2 something that is related to that payment. But
- 3 --
- 4 JUSTICE KAGAN: And -- and that's not
- 5 in any particular provision that you're seeing
- 6 that. You're just seeing that in the very idea
- 7 of what an assignment is?
- 8 MR. WHITAKER: Yes. I think that's
- 9 fair to say. And also just from the fact that
- 10 it's a -- it's a spending program.
- But, look, all those -- all that --
- 12 all that, I think, is quite orthogonal to the
- issue we have here because what we have here is
- 14 what everybody agrees is a right that the state
- 15 has to payment for medical care.
- The other side agrees that we can
- 17 recover medical expenses, payments for medical
- 18 care. And the only question is, does medical
- 19 care also include future medical care? And it
- does.
- 21 JUSTICE KAGAN: Right, but --
- JUSTICE BREYER: Future -- well,
- 23 future -- here, it only involves recovery for
- 24 past medical care. The question is what money
- 25 can you collect it from. Am I right about

- 1 that?
- 2 MR. WHITAKER: Absolutely, Justice
- 3 Breyer.
- 4 JUSTICE BREYER: Okay. So forget
- 5 about collecting from the future. We're not
- 6 talking about that. We're talking about
- 7 collecting money earmarked for future payment
- 8 in order to reimburse the state for past
- 9 payment.
- 10 MR. WHITAKER: That's absolutely
- 11 correct.
- 12 JUSTICE BREYER: Okay. So, as I read
- 13 these together -- and please don't let me go
- off on some incorrect reading because they're
- 15 complicated, all right?
- One, first rule, in two provisions we
- haven't much talked about, hey, the victim has
- 18 got some money. You can't touch it.
- There's a no-lien provision. There is
- 20 a no -- whatever the other one's called. No,
- you can't touch it, no recovery, no adjustment,
- 22 no recovery, that's -- you can't touch it,
- 23 State. I don't care how he got it. It's his.
- 24 I overstate a little.
- But exception, exception. Now the

- 1 first thing that talks about exception is
- there's an exception for our past money, you
- 3 know, Medicaid's paid already, and you can get
- 4 back what it says is where that victim has
- 5 right to payment for that thing you've spent by
- 6 any other party for such -- such health care
- 7 items or services. That "such" clearly refers
- 8 to you have a right from the tortfeasor to
- 9 payment for past.
- 10 That's no more about payment -- right
- 11 to payment for future than it is to a right
- 12 about for payment for balloons, for a right for
- 13 payment in that part.
- 14 Then you have the next part, which is
- 15 yours, and the next part says: Ah, but you
- 16 should take an assignment, you can take an
- 17 assignment, State, for payment for medical care
- 18 from any third party.
- 19 Here, it doesn't say such. And so,
- 20 literally, you've got your case right in that
- 21 language. And the only difficulty there is it
- 22 certainly seems to conflict with the language I
- 23 read just before it because we have a system
- that says don't take any of their money. Then
- 25 it says take some of the money for the past

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1 stuff you paid, but take it only from, they
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- 2 have money coming from a future guy, a victim,
- 3 a tortfeasor for that, and then you have
- 4 something say take an assignment.
- 5 So it seems to me you're asking us to
- 6 read these two provisions, higgledy-piggledy,
- 7 slightly in conflict -- if not direct conflict,
- 8 at least hard to make consistent -- and they're
- 9 asking you, the government, to read them
- 10 consistently with the whole spirit of the
- 11 thing, which is leave the money with the
- 12 Medicaid victim.
- That's a long question, and I'm really
- interested if I got the analysis right, not the
- 15 conclusion necessarily.
- 16 MR. WHITAKER: There is no conflict.
- Justice Breyer, between those two provisions.
- 18 Subparagraph (H), which is the provision that
- 19 you started out with about furnishing health
- 20 care items or services, plays a different but
- 21 complementary role in the scheme from 1396k.
- 22 Congress added subparagraph (H) to the
- 23 statute in 1993 to give Medicaid additional
- 24 payment rights, operating principally as
- against insurers, who were evading the

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1
      assignment provision in various respects.
 2
               So 1396a, sub -- subsection (a),
 3
      paragraph (25), subparagraph (H), and that's --
      that's the provision you're referring to, is --
 4
      is not in any way limiting the state's rights
 5
      under an assignment. It is broadening it to
 6
 7
      make sure that Medicaid has an automatic right
      of subrogation when Medicaid makes payments,
 8
 9
      just like, Justice Kavanaugh, the -- the way
10
      that the -- the -- the Medicare -- the
11
      structure of the Medicare statute is exactly
12
      the same thing because what you have in
      Medicare is you have a broad provision, 26 --
13
14
      42 U.S.C. 2651, that gives the state broad
15
      authority to recover damages from tortfeasors.
16
               But the most important point is that
17
      the Medicare secondary payer statute in 1395y,
18
      42 U.S.C. 1395y, similarly talks about
19
      providing Medicare an automatic right of
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- 22 insurer may also be on the hook for those
- 22 Insurer may also be on the mook for th
- 23 particular items or services.

20

21

24 And, indeed, in the government report,

subrogation when it comes to -- when -- when

Medicaid makes certain payments and a private

25 which -- which the United States cites as

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1 reflecting the reason that Congress added
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- 2 subparagraph (H) to the statute in 1993, they
- 3 explicitly modeled it on the Medicare secondary
- 4 payer provision. So there's no conflict.
- 5 And, Justice Breyer, you mentioned
- 6 four statutes. Well, I do think that we only
- 7 need one statute to have authority here. So
- 8 one is good enough.
- 9 And -- but the most important point is
- 10 that in all the other provisions, apart from
- 11 1396k, that my friends rely on, the language
- they rely on is simply not present in 1396k.
- JUSTICE KAVANAUGH: Can I --
- MR. WHITAKER: Nor --
- 15 JUSTICE KAVANAUGH: -- can I follow up
- on 1396k and follow up on Justice Kagan's
- 17 question, because it seems that you're
- 18 taking -- and I don't mean to load it by saying
- 19 this word -- but a literal reading of 1396k,
- and the other side is saying, no, you have to
- 21 read it in context with the other provisions
- 22 and have it all make sense. And you say no.
- But then you're presented with a
- 24 hypothetical, maybe the absurd hypothetical,
- but it is a hypothetical that's been raised,

- 1 and you say, oh, well, there, don't read it
- 2 literally. Actually, there, there's a
- 3 germaneness requirement. And Justice Kagan
- 4 asked you where that came from.
- 5 So aren't you at least acknowledging
- 6 that you get to context rather than just within
- 7 the four corners of 1396k?
- 8 MR. WHITAKER: Justice Kavanaugh, I'm
- 9 happy to -- to -- to read it in context, and I
- 10 have no quarrel with that, but whether or not
- 11 that that contextual limitation that I was
- 12 discussing from Justice Kagan is or is not in
- 13 the statute, I think the important point is
- 14 that the particular limitations that the other
- 15 side would have you read into k cannot be right
- 16 because there are various other explicit
- 17 indications in the statute that that is not
- 18 what k means.
- 19 And, again, I spoke of this. You have
- 20 the statute's remainder provision. You have
- the right to spousal support, which doesn't fit
- 22 their theory at all. Again, rights to spousal
- 23 support that are for the purpose of medical
- 24 care does -- does -- does -- does not fit --
- 25 fit their theory.

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1 And -- and I think that the -- so --
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- 2 so I think --
- JUSTICE KAVANAUGH: Well, some of what
- 4 you're just saying there answers another
- 5 question I have and I want to get more, which
- 6 is suppose -- and I know you disagree with this
- 7 -- but suppose we think (H) points one way and
- 8 -- against you, and k points a little bit in
- 9 favor of you.
- 10 How would you suggest we go about
- 11 thinking about the resolution of that
- 12 discrepancy or conflict?
- MR. WHITAKER: Well, I -- I guess I do
- 14 -- I do think that -- that --
- 15 JUSTICE KAVANAUGH: I think you're
- 16 saying you don't agree with the premise.
- 17 MR. WHITAKER: Well, I -- I don't
- agree with the premise, but I do think that --
- 19 you know, the government talked about
- 20 subparagraph (A) in paragraph (25) as being the
- 21 anchor provision. I actually think that, in
- this context, it is very much that 1396k is the
- 23 anchor provision.
- 24 And if you look at this Court's
- decision in Ahlborn, this Court's analysis of

- 1 all of the third-party liability provisions was
- 2 keyed off this key language in 1396k.
- 3 So I think it's fair to say that this
- 4 Court in Ahlborn actually treated 1396k as the
- 5 anchor provision, which --
- 6 JUSTICE KAVANAUGH: So prioritize k is
- 7 what you would say?
- 8 MR. WHITAKER: I would say that. And
- 9 I think that's supported by the fact that for
- 10 16 years, before subparagraph (H) even existed
- in the statute, the only provision in the
- 12 statute that spoke to the Medicaid program's
- 13 payment rights was k. And it would be quite
- 14 odd, I think, to say that Congress had just
- 15 sort of forgotten for all this time to -- to
- 16 put this explicit limit into k or, worse still,
- to say that actually Congress sort of impliedly
- 18 repealed k when -- silently when it enacted
- 19 (H), not to restrict Medicaid's payment rights
- 20 but, rather, to take care of a specific problem
- 21 that was -- that it was having with private
- 22 insurers.
- 23 And that, I think, Justice Breyer, is
- 24 the explanation for why subparagraph (H) is
- worded slightly differently than k, because it

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1 is directed at -- primarily at insurers, who
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- 2 pay medical expenses for particular items and
- 3 services, just like the Medicare secondary
- 4 payer statute.
- 5 JUSTICE KAVANAUGH: What -- what about
- 6 the idea that no one was even thinking about
- 7 this until Ahlborn? Do you want to contest
- 8 that? In other words, we're parsing language
- 9 from a '77 and an '83 and -- but -- but,
- 10 actually, until Ahlborn, the other side said no
- 11 one was really --
- 12 MR. WHITAKER: Well --
- JUSTICE KAVANAUGH: -- contemplating
- 14 this precise issue.
- MR. WHITAKER: -- well -- well, I
- 16 think that actually probably -- that -- that --
- that supports my position, actually, I think,
- 18 quite strongly because, consistent with Justice
- 19 Barrett's question, I think counsel's answer
- 20 was: Well, before Ahlborn, many states just
- 21 assumed that they could get actually all med --
- 22 all damages -- they could recover from all
- damages, even the TV, as Justice Breyer said.
- 24 And -- and Congress no doubt enacted
- 25 Section -- subparagraph (H) against that

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1 backdrop, knowing that the states had been
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- 2 administering the provision more broadly.
- 3 And I think that -- that's -- that
- 4 supports quite strongly that Congress did not
- 5 in subparagraph (H) silently overthrow --
- 6 JUSTICE KAVANAUGH: What's your best
- 7 support for the idea that that was the baseline
- 8 against which Congress was operating when it --
- 9 in 1993?
- 10 MR. WHITAKER: Well, I don't have a
- 11 specific case on me, Your Honor, but I do know
- 12 that -- that that was -- I do -- I do
- 13 think it's correct, counsel's statement. I
- 14 can't point to a specific case right now, but I
- do think counsel's statement is correct.
- 16 JUSTICE KAVANAUGH: But you agree that
- that's the -- that was the understanding at the
- 18 time?
- MR. WHITAKER: Well, it may not have
- 20 --
- 21 JUSTICE KAVANAUGH: And, obviously,
- 22 that helps you, but I'll -- he can address it.
- MR. WHITAKER: -- it may not have been
- 24 the uniform understanding. It certainly was
- 25 the understanding of the Department of Health

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1 and Human Services, which, as this -- as this
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- 2 Court noted in Ahlborn, had two administrative
- 3 adjudications that dated from the mid-'90s that
- 4 basically interpreted the statute more or less
- 5 to allow, indeed, require, states to recover
- 6 third-party liabilities out of all medical
- 7 damages.
- 8 And -- and, certainly, I -- I also
- 9 think that there are -- so, yeah. So I think
- 10 that there were -- there were a variety of
- 11 reasons why Congress enacted that. And if you
- 12 look at the enactment of subparagraph (H), it's
- 13 very clear on the face of the amendment that --
- that created subparagraph (H) that Congress was
- intensely concerned with the -- with insurers
- because there are a variety of other amendments
- that Congress enacted at the same time
- 18 specifically directed at insurers.
- 19 Now --
- 20 JUSTICE KAGAN: General, can we --
- let's take a case which meets your germaneness
- 22 requirement, that the -- the future payments
- 23 are -- you know, arise from the same injury or
- 24 accident, all right? But let's say that the
- 25 future payments are ones that the Medicaid

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1 program would not pay for. In other words,
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- 2 let's say the Medicaid program does not pay for
- 3 certain kinds of home health aides or something
- 4 like that.
- 5 Are you saying that the state can also
- 6 recover money for those services, services
- 7 that, you know, to use the language of (a)(B),
- 8 are really not available under the plan?
- 9 MR. WHITAKER: Not only could we do
- 10 that, we could also do that clearly with
- 11 respect to any past medical expenses that
- 12 Medicaid had covered. Again, the remainder
- 13 provision, I think, reflects that -- clearly a
- 14 recognition, I think, that certainly as to past
- 15 medical expenses, even if the beneficiary has
- incurred expenses out of pocket, Medicaid has
- 17 priority over the recovery from those damages
- 18 for all of its -- all -- all the medical
- 19 expenses, not just expenses --
- 20 JUSTICE KAGAN: So -- but where do you
- 21 get that? Because (a)(B) really does say
- 22 available under the plan. If these -- if -- if
- 23 this money is for care and services that are
- 24 not available under the plan, how is it that
- 25 the state can -- can get that?

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I mean, then -- then k is not only
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- 2 fighting (H); then k is very much fighting
- 3 (a)(B) and not only the provision of (a)(B)
- 4 that, you know -- not only (B) but also (A), I
- 5 quess is -- is the way I would say it.
- 6 MR. WHITAKER: Sure. And I -- I want
- 7 to get to the point about where I get it from,
- 8 which is the remainder provision, but to answer
- 9 your question about (A) and (B) first --
- 10 JUSTICE KAGAN: And the reason I say
- it's important, right, because (a)(B) comes
- 12 first, right? (H) might be this weird
- 13 tag-along thing, but (a)(B) is first and --
- MR. WHITAKER: I think, as the
- 15 Petitioner in the opening brief noted at page
- 16 48, subparagraph (A) does not speak to what the
- 17 state can recover in any -- when it imposes a
- 18 lien of this kind.
- 19 All (A) says, as I read it, is
- 20 Medicaid plans, go out and find people who may
- 21 owe money to the plan. It is not limiting in
- 22 any way the scope of the state's recovery
- 23 rights.
- Ditto for (B), which -- which simply,
- as this Court noted in Ahlborn,

- 1 cross-references the liability that
- 2 subparagraph (A) establishes. So this notion
- 3 that those provisions somehow limited the pool
- 4 of -- the state's pool of recovery all along
- 5 since 1968, even though state Medicaid programs
- 6 were merrily, apparently, administering their
- 7 programs all this time to allow recovery for
- 8 all damages --
- 9 JUSTICE KAGAN: Yeah. So I read you
- then as saying basically this is only a k case,
- 11 you know? And this is very different from, I
- 12 think, the -- the government's reading. Well,
- obviously, it is. But this is only a k case.
- 14 We -- we should put aside (H) and we should
- 15 also put aside (a)(B).
- MR. WHITAKER: I don't think you
- 17 should put them aside. I should -- I think you
- 18 should read them to not derogate from the
- 19 state's recovery rights under k. And I do want
- 20 to address one thing because --
- 21 JUSTICE KAGAN: Well, I guess what I'm
- 22 saying when I say "put aside" is because the
- 23 way I read not -- (a)(B) and -- and not just
- 24 (B), which Mr. Suri says is stronger for his
- position than (A), but really (A), to pay for

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1 care and services available under the plan.
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- 2 And you're saying you can recover money even
- 3 for care and services that are not available
- 4 under the plan. And -- and so you're saying k
- 5 just stands independent of (A), as well as of
- 6 (H), and we should just put everything else in
- 7 this statute out of our heads and just think
- 8 about k?
- 9 MR. WHITAKER: Not at all. The
- 10 language that you mentioned in subparagraph (A)
- does not speak to this issue. And I think the
- 12 operative words in that provision are not so
- 13 much "care and services available under the
- 14 plan" but "liability to pay for."
- 15 And if you have, for example, a right
- of spousal support, which I think everyone
- would agree is a type of third-party liability
- 18 covered by the statute, that right of spousal
- 19 support for the purpose of medical care is
- 20 available to pay for care and services
- 21 available under the plan, even though the pool
- of money may have nothing to do whatsoever with
- 23 any particular services Medicaid covered in the
- 24 past. It's just money that is available to pay
- 25 Medicaid's costs. That's what (B) -- that's

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1 what (A) says. And that's what (B) says too.
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- 2 And Mr. Suri cited the -- the language
- 3 in subparagraph (B) that talks about in any
- 4 case in which a legal liability is found to
- 5 exist after medical assistance has been made --
- 6 made available on behalf of the individual.
- 7 That's just saying that somebody who Medicaid
- 8 provided medical assistance for. It's not
- 9 limiting the state's pool of recovery in any
- 10 way. And -- and the -- the only --
- 11 JUSTICE KAVANAUGH: What about the
- language at the end of (B), right?
- MR. WHITAKER: Well, it says "to the
- extent of such legal liability," which, as this
- 15 Court noted in Ahlborn, is a reference to
- 16 subparagraph (A), which I was -- as I was
- discussing with Justice Kagan, does not itself
- 18 limit the pool of funds.
- 19 All -- all (A) and (B) are saying is
- 20 go out and identify third parties, state
- 21 Medicaid plans, and once you find them, recover
- 22 to the extent they are liable. If you have a
- deadbeat spouse that owes child support, go out
- 24 and -- and get that money to recover for
- 25 Medicaid's costs. That's all that provision --

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1 JUSTICE BARRETT: General Whitaker,
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- 2 all of the money? And I guess this just
- 3 reflects that I'm not sure that I fully
- 4 understand how it works in the context of
- 5 spousal support or child support, because child
- 6 support obviously isn't just for medical
- 7 expenses. It's for clothing and -- and maybe
- 8 schooling and all kinds of expenses, feeding
- 9 the child.
- 10 So are you saying that the state can
- just go after the pool in an undifferentiated
- 12 way?
- 13 MR. WHITAKER: Certainly not. And
- that's because the assignment rights applies to
- 15 rights to support that are "specified as
- 16 support for the purpose of medical care by a
- 17 court or administrative order."
- 18 So there is this -- so -- so we could
- 19 definitely not get all of the support. We can
- 20 get the support to the extent it is for medical
- 21 expenses.
- JUSTICE BARRETT: So would there be an
- 23 administrative hearing to allocate it in a
- 24 similar way that there would be in a tort
- 25 settlement?

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1 MR. WHITAKER: I'm not aware of -- of 2 -- of that happening, Your -- Your Honor. I
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- 3 think it would have to be sort of a separate
- 4 court order in order --
- 5 JUSTICE BARRETT: It just seems very
- odd since that's not how -- you know, you don't
- 7 have child support, I -- I would think, in the
- 8 normal course, earmarked. This is solely for
- 9 medical expenses.
- 10 MR. WHITAKER: Right. But it does
- 11 happen sometimes, as I understand it. I mean,
- 12 most of the time what happens is that the
- spouse is ordered to just buy health insurance,
- 14 but it can happen in other ways too, as I
- 15 understand it.
- So -- but -- but it does happen.
- 17 Florida does treat rights of spousal support
- 18 somewhat differently from unallocated tort
- 19 recoveries, to which the administrative
- 20 proceeding applies.
- 21 But I did want to address --
- JUSTICE SOTOMAYOR: Counsel, I -- I'm
- 23 afraid that I keep reading the child support
- section of this and it doesn't work any kind of
- assignment. All it says is that a state plan

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1 for medical assistance shall provide that the
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- 2 person you're covering be required to cooperate
- 3 with the state to establish paternity and -- to
- 4 establish paternity and get child support.
- 5 There's no assignment in it at all.
- 6 MR. WHITAKER: Well, the assign --
- 7 JUSTICE SOTOMAYOR: But putting that
- 8 aside, I'm a very simplistic person, okay?
- 9 Under A, you say that the person is required to
- 10 assign to you their entitlement to payment for
- 11 past services only. They're -- you're not
- 12 claiming that they have to assign to you
- payments for future care. So you -- that's
- 14 correct, right?
- MR. WHITAKER: Well -- well, no, Your
- 16 Honor, that's not quite correct because I think
- 17 that if Medicaid paid for an injury from --
- 18 that -- from which the -- a tort recovery
- 19 arose, then, yes, the assignment would
- 20 encompass the right to payment for all medical
- 21 expenses out of that.
- JUSTICE SOTOMAYOR: That has -- that
- 23 have been paid by you?
- MR. WHITAKER: Well, we could -- we
- 25 could -- we could only recover --

- 1 JUSTICE SOTOMAYOR: So are you saying
- 2 that -- are you saying that if you sued the --
- 3 the tortfeasor, that you would be obligated to
- 4 sue for past and future expenses, whether
- 5 you're paying for them or not?
- 6 MR. WHITAKER: Yes. But we obviously
- 7 would always in any -- in any case be limited
- 8 to recovering no more than we paid out in
- 9 benefits. And, again --
- 10 JUSTICE SOTOMAYOR: Exactly. So, at
- 11 the point of your suit, you could only recover
- 12 from the tortfeasor that which you paid,
- 13 correct?
- MR. WHITAKER: No more than what we
- 15 paid, but that -- that wouldn't --
- 16 JUSTICE SOTOMAYOR: Now then let me
- 17 stop. But you're also arguing then that you
- 18 could sue also for future expenses that you
- 19 don't pay?
- 20 MR. WHITAKER: I think we could sue
- 21 for all medical damages, which could include
- 22 both medical expenses that Medicaid paid. It
- 23 could include past expenses that Medicaid did
- 24 not pay. And it could also include future
- 25 medical expenses, which, as was noted in the

- 1 opening --
- JUSTICE SOTOMAYOR: That's quite --
- 3 that really then undoes (A), (B), (H), and all
- 4 of the provisions of the Act, correct?
- 5 MR. WHITAKER: Oh, I don't think it
- 6 undoes it -- undoes them at all. And just to
- 7 answer your initial question, though, about the
- 8 assignment, the assignment of support occurs in
- 9 1396, subsection (a), paragraph (1),
- 10 subparagraph (A), which does separately from
- 11 subparagraph (C) provide for an assignment of
- 12 the right to spousal support.
- 13 JUSTICE SOTOMAYOR: That seems
- 14 extraordinary, that what you're reading into
- 15 the statute, an anti-lien statute, that permits
- 16 you only to get an assignment of what you have
- 17 paid for.
- Now you're saying the assignment under
- 19 k is incredibly broader than that, whether you
- 20 paid for it or not, whether you were required
- 21 to pay for it or not, and future, that you're
- 22 assigned the individual's entire rights.
- 23 That's what you're telling me?
- 24 MR. WHITAKER: Justice Sotomayor, the
- assignment is always limited by the maximum

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1 amount that Medicaid paid. If Medicaid pays
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- 2 all -- if Medicaid successfully recovers all of
- 3 the medical expenses, then Medicaid will get
- 4 its claim for past medical expenses fully paid.
- 5 And if there are any -- also any
- 6 future medical expenses, the beneficiary will
- 7 get the remainder. Likewise, if the
- 8 beneficiary paid any past medical expenses, the
- 9 remainder provision says that the beneficiary
- 10 will get those as a remainder. But -- but if
- 11 --
- 12 JUSTICE SOTOMAYOR: Does a beneficiary
- 13 have to sue at all for past -- I don't see
- 14 anywhere in here -- there's an assignment to
- the state, there's a subrogation by the state,
- but why should Medi- -- why should any of the
- 17 recipients bother to sue for what you're going
- 18 to be paid --
- 19 MR. WHITAKER: Well --
- 20 JUSTICE SOTOMAYOR: -- if you're going
- 21 to take it all anyway?
- 22 MR. WHITAKER: -- we can't take it all
- 23 under Ahlborn, Your Honor.
- JUSTICE SOTOMAYOR: Well, no, because
- 25 you're saying to me that if the pot is -- if

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1 the pot exceeds what you paid, there's no pro
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- 2 rata that's required at all, so why bother?
- 3 MR. WHITAKER: I think that
- 4 beneficiaries, even -- even if we were able to
- 5 recover from future medical expenses, would
- 6 also have substantial incentives to still bring
- 7 suit. And even as to --
- 8 JUSTICE SOTOMAYOR: Oh, yes, for pain
- 9 and suffering, for everything else. But why
- 10 bother suing for past medical expenses at all?
- 11 They should just sue for future.
- 12 MR. WHITAKER: Well, I think it's
- because, under the remainder provision, they
- 14 would, in essence, have the upside. So -- so I
- 15 think that they -- they have -- but -- you
- 16 know, so they have an incentive both on the
- 17 non-medical damages side and on the non-medical
- 18 -- on the medical damages side certainly to
- 19 bring suit.
- 20 CHIEF JUSTICE ROBERTS: Thank you,
- 21 counsel.
- Justice Thomas?
- 23 JUSTICE THOMAS: Just briefly, General
- 24 Whitaker. I think I have this on.
- 25 The -- I asked Mr. Suri about

- 1 preemption, and you heard his answer. Just a
- 2 brief comment from you on what you think about
- 3 preemption in the context of Spending Clause
- 4 cases like this.
- 5 MR. WHITAKER: Well, I think that
- 6 there is a strong presumption against
- 7 preemption and as well in Spending Clause cases
- 8 that -- to -- to read -- read Spending
- 9 Clause statutes to impose obligations on the
- 10 states that are not clear.
- 11 But I -- I think it's quite
- 12 extraordinary for the federal government to
- 13 read all -- apparently all of the state Medi --
- 14 all 87 paragraphs of the state Medicaid plan
- 15 requirements in 1396 subsection a to sort of
- 16 permit any beneficiary to argue that state law
- 17 is ipso facto preempted, which -- which I would
- 18 have thought the United States would have
- 19 thought is inconsistent with the Secretary's
- 20 enforcement authority.
- 21 So -- so it's an extraordinary
- 22 position that they're -- that -- that they're
- 23 taking. And I can't imagine that those laws
- 24 are preempt -- are preemption, that all of
- 25 those provisions are preempted. And this Court

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did not so hold in Ahlborn or Wos. This Court
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- 2 only held that the anti-lien provision has
- 3 preemptive effect.
- 4 It certainly doesn't follow from that
- 5 that any state law that doesn't comply with any
- 6 state -- any of the many state Medicaid plan
- 7 requirements in -- in subsection (A) of 1396a
- 8 are preempted.
- 9 JUSTICE THOMAS: Thank you, Chief.
- 10 CHIEF JUSTICE ROBERTS: Justice
- 11 Breyer, anything further?
- 12 Justice Alito?
- Justice Sotomayor?
- JUSTICE SOTOMAYOR: No, thank you.
- 15 CHIEF JUSTICE ROBERTS: Justice Kagan?
- 16 JUSTICE KAGAN: I would -- I would
- 17 like to ask you, General Whitaker, about (I),
- 18 because (I) does seem as though it's the mirror
- 19 -- it should be the mirror image of k. k is
- 20 talking about an individual being required to
- 21 make an assignment, and then (I) is talking
- 22 about an insurer being required to accept the
- 23 assignment.
- 24 So you would think that the two would
- 25 -- would be phrased the same way, but they're

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1 not. (I) is phrased in a way that's very
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- 2 favorable to the other side because it talks
- 3 about an item or service for which payment has
- 4 been made under the plan.
- 5 So what are we to make of the fact
- 6 that what is -- what should be a mirror image
- 7 of k reads exactly the way you don't want it
- 8 to?
- 9 MR. WHITAKER: I don't agree that it
- 10 reads exactly the way I don't want it. I think
- it actually supports our idea that the two
- payment rights in 1396k and subparagraph (H)
- 13 are independent.
- 14 And if you look at Romanette ii in
- 15 subparagraph (I) -- and this is at page 3A of
- 16 the government's appendix -- before the mention
- of the assignment provision, it says "except
- 18 the state's right of recovery and the
- 19 assignment to the state of any right of an
- 20 individual or other entity to payment from any
- 21 other party."
- 22 And I think that -- so I think that
- 23 recognizes that there are two different payment
- 24 rights that are at work here, one established
- by k -- because, otherwise, Congress wouldn't

- 1 have talked about two different rights of
- 2 recoveries, one stemming from, I think,
- 3 subparagraph (H) and the other stemming from
- 4 1396k.
- 5 And it's not the mirror image at all,
- 6 Your Honor, because subparagraph (I), as I read
- 7 it, clearly only applies to insurers. There's
- 8 a question about whether (H) does, but,
- 9 clearly, (I) applies only to insurers because
- 10 Romanette i talks about -- imposes on insurance
- 11 companies obligations to identify -- to -- to
- 12 -- to bring to Medicaid's attention when
- 13 Medicaid beneficiaries have insurance coverage
- 14 and the like, which would be nonsense as
- 15 applied to anybody who is a potential
- 16 tortfeasor because -- unless we're all insurers
- 17 to everyone in the world.
- 18 So -- so I think that it is limited.
- 19 And Mr. Suri said: Oh, well, it doesn't make
- 20 -- (H) has no duty of cooperation. But I think
- 21 the reason for that is because insurers have
- 22 other applicable provisions that require them
- 23 to cooperate with state Medicaid programs to
- 24 help identify these liabilities, and Roman --
- and (I) is a very good example of that.

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1
               And I think it reflects, just like the
 2
      story I was trying to tell with regard to (H),
 3
      that these provisions are directed at a
      different problem. And -- and subparagraph (I)
 4
      was enacted in 2005 because, even after the
 5
 6
      enactment of subparagraph (H), apparently,
 7
      insurers were still -- as it turns out, they
 8
      don't like paying money to Medicaid too much,
 9
      and so they were doing other things to evade
10
      Medicaid's rights. And so Congress come along
11
      -- came along and enacted subparagraph (I).
12
      But it didn't do any more than it did when it
13
      enacted subparagraph (H), limit or enact -- or
14
      -- or -- or enact something that was
15
      declarative of an existing limit in -- in 1396k
16
      itself.
17
               JUSTICE KAGAN: Thank you.
               CHIEF JUSTICE ROBERTS: Justice
18
19
      Gorsuch?
20
               Justice Kavanaugh?
21
               JUSTICE KAVANAUGH:
                                   In your brief,
22
      General, you note that Florida spends about 28
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billion per year on Medicaid services, which is

30 percent of the budget. How much would you

save, roughly, if you prevailed in this case?

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1 MR. WHITAKER: I've tried to get good
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- 2 numbers on that, Justice Kavanaugh.
- 3 Unfortunately, I haven't been -- been able to.
- 4 It's certainly something that's important to --
- 5 to my agency. And -- and -- and I know that it
- 6 can result in a substantial difference in
- 7 individual cases, as noted by the multi-state
- 8 amicus brief, which -- which touches on -- on
- 9 this issue.
- 10 But, unfortunately, I don't have great
- 11 numbers on that. But it is important to -- to
- 12 Florida's Medicaid program.
- JUSTICE KAVANAUGH: And, second,
- 14 Mr. Suri helpfully said that nine states do it
- 15 Petitioner's way and six states, I think he
- said, do it your way, and it was hard to tell
- 17 with other states. Do you want to give your
- 18 view on how the practices in the states --
- MR. WHITAKER: Well, I'd be interested
- 20 to know how he came up with nine. That's --
- 21 that's different from the count we came up -- I
- 22 guess we couldn't compare notes before the
- 23 argument, but -- but we counted it as fewer. I
- thought that there were only five that we could
- 25 find that explicitly allowed the recovery of

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1 future. And most of those were the result of
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- 2 the -- of states' high -- high -- judicial
- 3 decisions that said that that they had to.
- 4 I only thought that it was at most
- 5 California and Vermont that had actually
- 6 arguably done this on their own without some
- 7 kind of judicial prompting, on their own, but I
- 8 have no reason to -- it's a little bit unclear,
- 9 and, obviously, it's difficult to --
- 10 JUSTICE KAVANAUGH: Why -- and that's
- 11 my question -- why is it unclear --
- MR. WHITAKER: Well -- well, I mean --
- JUSTICE KAVANAUGH: -- in these 35
- 14 other states?
- 15 MR. WHITAKER: -- it's somewhat
- 16 unclear because many of these -- many of these
- 17 statutes kind of don't speak to the issue. And
- 18 a lot of the statutes are -- have the following
- 19 structure where they just say something like
- 20 the state has a lien up to the amount of
- 21 medical assistance paid, and it doesn't really
- 22 specify in -- in detail how exactly the state
- 23 can -- can recover on that lien and the like.
- 24 So -- so there are some states that
- 25 have explicitly said that you can recover

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1 future medical expenses. Massachusetts is one.
```

- 2 Oklahoma is one. Obviously in Florida.
- 3 Florida is one. But -- but I could only -- we
- 4 -- so -- so I do think that, you know, this
- 5 Court's decision is very much going to set the
- 6 tone for the country on -- on this issue, and,
- 7 you know, state Medicaid programs are going to
- 8 have to, you know, have a policy now, I think.
- 9 JUSTICE KAVANAUGH: Yes.
- 10 MR. WHITAKER: So --
- JUSTICE KAVANAUGH: Thank you.
- 12 CHIEF JUSTICE ROBERTS: Justice
- 13 Barrett? No?
- 14 Thank you, counsel.
- JUSTICE SOTOMAYOR: Counsel, just --
- 16 I'm sorry, Chief, just one question?
- 17 CHIEF JUSTICE ROBERTS: Sure.
- 18 JUSTICE SOTOMAYOR: Counsel, you just
- 19 said that this decision will -- will force
- 20 states to change. Your reading will force
- 21 states to do what you're doing, correct?
- 22 MR. WHITAKER: I --
- JUSTICE SOTOMAYOR: Because they're
- obligated, you're saying, under the statute to
- 25 collect from whatever sources they can, so what

- 1 you're saying is those states who have contrary
- 2 laws to yours or explicit laws to the contrary,
- 3 they would be preempted?
- 4 MR. WHITAKER: Well, I don't think the
- 5 -- no, I don't think they would be preempted,
- 6 Justice Sotomayor, because I don't believe that
- 7 all of the state Medicaid plan requirements in
- 8 subsection (A) of 1396a are preemptive.
- 9 I do think you're -- it's certainly
- 10 true, Justice Sotomayor, that the states would
- 11 have an obligation likely to recover those
- third-party liabilities, although I agree with
- 13 Mr. Suri that the statute does build in some
- 14 flexibility for state Medicaid programs in
- 15 seeking those recoveries and allows state
- 16 Medicaid programs to weigh costs and benefits
- and only requires the identification of
- 18 liabilities to the extent that it is
- 19 reasonable.
- 20 CHIEF JUSTICE ROBERTS: Thank you,
- 21 counsel.
- 22 Rebuttal, Mr. Gowdy.
- 23 REBUTTAL ARGUMENT OF BRYAN S. GOWDY
- 24 ON BEHALF OF THE PETITIONER
- MR. GOWDY: 1396k, Justice Kagan, you

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1 asked if it was inapplicable. We would say it
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- 2 is the least applicable, that this provision
- 3 authorized states to directly pursue third
- 4 parties for medical expenses paid by Medicaid,
- 5 and in doing so, it abrogated the common law
- 6 rules against claim splitting and against the
- 7 assignment of personal injury actions. And
- 8 Florida has not exercised those rights in this
- 9 case.
- 10 Justice -- or the Chief Justice asked
- about is this ever used? It is occasionally in
- 12 mass torts. You all may recall the tobacco
- 13 settlements from the mid-1990s. Those were
- 14 cases brought by states against tobacco
- 15 companies for past medical expenses paid by
- 16 Medicaid. Generally, the states don't jump
- 17 into individual lawsuits, but this provision
- 18 gives them real force, but it's really the
- 19 least applicable here compared to the other
- 20 provisions we've been discussing today.
- 21 And, Justice Kagan, you brought up the
- 22 -- the home healthcare, and, Justice Barrett,
- you brought up some questions about childcare,
- and I would like to try to tie them together.
- The state's position here is a

- 1 hyper-literal reading of the words "any rights
- 2 to payment for medical care." Reading that
- 3 hyper-literally, it's not just a future tort;
- 4 it's a future insurance policy, it's a future
- 5 parent who's ordered to pay for some type of
- 6 medical care.
- 7 And under the state's reading, even if
- 8 that future insurance policy is paying for
- 9 things or -- or the parent is ordered to pay
- 10 for things not covered by medical care -- I'm
- 11 sorry, by Medicaid, the state told you today
- 12 they could take it.
- So, for example, if Ms. Gallardo's
- 14 father was ordered to pay for the special
- 15 medical equipment that she needs to get to her
- appointments that is not covered by Medicaid,
- 17 the state's position is that they could take
- 18 that money.
- 19 And, finally, the state has talked --
- 20 has danced around the other provisions, in
- 21 particular, (H). You've been told repeatedly
- 22 it was primarily for insurers.
- The plain language says "third party."
- 24 A third party includes a tortfeasor. And this
- 25 Court applied that language in Ahlborn. So

1	it's not primarily for insurers. It's for this
2	instance here and is directly applicable.
3	And (A) and (B), as we have indicated,
4	which the state has not addressed in their
5	brief, is for the legal liability of third
6	parties to pay for care and services available
7	under the plan.
8	And we did say we did point out at
9	page 48 of our brief that there was certainly
10	some confusion. We cite a case called White
11	from New Mexico in 1974. There was some
12	confusion about what that language meant by
13	some courts. I see I'm could I just
14	conclude? Just
15	CHIEF JUSTICE ROBERTS: Certainly.
16	MR. GOWDY: Just and (H) clarifies
17	that without a doubt in our view.
18	CHIEF JUSTICE ROBERTS: Thank you,
19	counsel. The case is submitted.
20	(Whereupon, at 11:47 a.m., the case
21	was submitted.)
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23	
24	

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